

THE CHELSEA HERALD.

ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

"Of the People and for the People."

Single Copies 5 Cents.

VOLUME 25.

CHELSEA, MICH., THURSDAY, MAR. 26, 1896.

NUMBER 31.

1.00 1.25 1.50 1.75 2.00 2.25

NEW CLOTHING!!

Men's, Boys' and Children's Suits
at all prices.

More new goods than we have
ever shown.

The same low prices that cleaned us out of winter
clothing must do the same on our spring purchases.

An Elegant Assortment of Boys'
Confirmation Suits.

Our \$15.00, \$16.00, \$17.00 and \$18.00 men's suits will
surprise you. A \$30.00 merchant tailor suit won't com-
pare with them in style and finish.

You have never looked upon their equal. Made
from the finest imported fabrics. Lined throughout
with heavy, strong silk and satin. Every stitch sewed
with silk. Suits that could not be made better if the
price was \$40.00, we sell you at the ordinary ready made
clothing prices.

W. P. SCHENK & COMPANY.

SAFETY and to DRAW INTEREST,

Deposit your Money in the

Chelsea Savings Bank.

Spar Bank.

Its Money is protected from fire and burglars by the best screw door, electrical
burglar proof vault-safe made.

J. Knapp, Pres. Thos. S. Sears, Vice-Pres. Geo. P. Glazier, Cashier.

Furniture & Hardware

For the spring trade. Our stock is complete and prices lower than
anywhere before.

Special prices on cook stoves and our own make of tinware. A nice
assortment of room and picture moldings.

We sell Flint Wagons.

W. J. KNAPP.

Let us make

Your Clothes

Prime materials and work in every way.

GEO. WEBSTER.

Subscribe for the Herald.

Council Proceedings.

[OFFICIAL]

Chelsea, March 18, 1896.

Village Board met in regular session.
Meeting called to order by President.

Roll call by Clerk.

Present—Wm. P. Schenk, President;
Trustees Glazier, Foster, Raftery, Wedemeyer and Vogel.

Absent—Trustee Mensing.

Moved by Glazier and supported by
Foster, that the village attorney be in-
structed to settle the Pauline Oesterle case
by the payment of forty-nine dollars in
full settlement of same.

Yeas—Glazier, Foster, Raftery, Vogel,
Wedemeyer.

Nays—None.

Motion carried.

Treasurer's bond of John W. Beissel
presented, with Jas. S. Gorman and Frank
P. Glazier as sureties.

Moved by Glazier and supported by
Foster, that the Treasurer's bond of John
W. Beissel, with Jas. S. Gorman and
Frank P. Glazier as sureties, be approved
and accepted and placed on file.

Carried.

Moved by Glazier and supported by
Wedemeyer, that the bill of A. Allison
for \$3.50 for printing election tickets be
allowed and an order drawn on Treasurer
for same.

Yeas—Glazier, Foster, Raftery, Vogel
and Wedemeyer.

Nays—None.

Motion carried.

The following committees were ap-
pointed by the President:

Streets—J. J. Raftery, I. Vogel, A. H.
Mensing.

Side and cross walks—J. P. Foster, A.
H. Mensing, F. Wedemeyer.

Ordinance—F. Wedemeyer, Geo. P.
Glazier, J. P. Foster.

Finance—Geo. P. Glazier, J. J. Raftery,
I. Vogel.

Moved by Glazier and supported by
Wedemeyer, that we adjourn until Thurs-
day evening, March 19th, at 8 o'clock,
and that the Clerk be instructed to have
copies of all village ordinances at said
meeting, and that the village attorney be
notified to be present.

Carried.

J. B. COLE, Clerk.

Chelsea, March 19, 1896.

Board met in special session.

Meeting called to order by President.

Roll call by Clerk.

Present—W. P. Schenk, President;
Trustees Glazier, Foster, Raftery, Vogel
and Wedemeyer.

Absent—Trustee Mensing.

Minutes of previous meeting read and
approved.

Moved by Glazier and supported by
Foster, that the Clerk read the village
ordinances.

Carried.

Moved by Glazier and supported by
Raftery, that when we adjourn this meet-
ing we adjourn to meet Monday evening,
March 23, 1896, at 7:30 sharp.

Carried.

Clerk's bond of John B. Cole, with H.
S. Holmes and W. J. Knapp as sureties,
was presented.

Moved by Foster and supported by
Raftery, that the Clerk's bond of John B.
Cole, with H. S. Holmes and W. J. Knapp
as sureties, be approved and accepted and
filed with the Village Treasurer.

Carried.

Moved by Foster and supported by
Raftery, that the Village Attorney be in-
structed to revise the village ordinances
and submit same to Village Board for
approval or rejection.

Carried.

The petition of the Women's Christian
Temperance Union was referred to Or-
dinance Committee.

On motion Board adjourned.

JOHN B. COLE, Clerk.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts,
Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Feyer
Sores, Tetters, Chapped Hands, Chilblains,
Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and
positively cures Piles, or no pay required.
It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction
or money refunded. Price 25 cents per
box. For sale by F. P. Glazier & Co.

Curious, isn't it, that men who ride
hobbies never seem to be headed the same
way.—Ram's Horn.

Tons of Wall Paper

- - AT THE - -

BANK DRUG STORE.

Will you hang any wall paper this season? We can sell you just
the patterns you want to decorate your rooms at the

Lowest Prices.

Do not buy before looking over our line, as it is selected from the
best designs turned out this season. We make a specialty of

Teas, Coffees,
Spices and Extracts

Of the highest quality, and don't intend to sell our cus-
tomers any other kind. We find that the easiest way to convince a person
that our 30-cent tea cannot be matched for the money is to give them a
sample and let them try it. It speaks for itself.

We will sell you this week:

18 pounds gran. sugar for \$1.00.

Fresh oranges 20 cents dozen.

Herring, medium size, 13 cents per box.

6 pounds best crackers for 25 cents.

10 pounds best oatmeal for 25 cents.

7 cans sardine for 25 cents.

Large cucumber pickles 5 cents per doz.

7 cakes Jaxon soap for 25 cents.

4 pounds choice prunes for 25 cents.

Fresh ginger snaps 5 cents pound.

5 pounds choice rice for 25 cents.

Fresh raisins at all prices.

Good sugar corn 5 cents per can.

Tomatoes 7 cents per can.

8-pound pails Family Whitefish 43 cents each.

Easter Cards.

Call and see our large assortment.

Glazier & Stimson MILLINERY.

Miss Nellie Maroney's new millinery parlors will be open after
Tuesday, March 24. She would respectfully invite the ladies of Chelsea
and vicinity to call and examine the new spring goods, pattern hats, etc.

NELLIE C. MARONEY.

Rooms over H. S. Holmes Mercantile Co's store

THE CASH STORE.

Codfish, Mackerel, Whitefish, Halibut
and Canned Fish.

JOHN FARRELL.

Hier wird Deutsch gesprochen.

What Do You Expect to Find

In a first-class meat market? The first thing is the class of
meat kept in stock—whether it is nice, tender and juicy, or
tough as a 10-year old Texas steer. Being satisfied on this
point, you begin to look around as to the cleanliness of the
market and clerks. We would be pleased to have you call and
put us to this test. We pride ourselves on our cleanliness, and
all our meats will be found first-class and the best in the mar-
ket. Our prices will always be found just right, too.

ADAM EPPLER.

Highest market price paid for hides and tallow.

JOHN BAUMGARDNER,

Designer and Builder of

Artistic Granite Memorials.

Office, 6 Detroit St., Ann Arbor, Mich.

Established 1868.

We keep on hand large quantities of all the various granites in the
rough, and are prepared to execute fine monumental work on short notice.
Original Designs. Correspondence Solicited. Electric Works 6, 8, 10
Detroit St., and 17-19 5th Ave. Dock and Derrick 2-3 Miller Ave.

THE CHELSEA HERALD

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.
CHelsea, MICHIGAN

THE NEWS.

Compiled From Late Dispatches.
CONGRESSIONAL.

The Proceedings of the First Session.

In the senate on the 16th Senator Lodge spoke at length in favor of his bill to restrict immigration. Senator Pugh talked in support of the silver amendment to the tariff bill and Senator Morgan made an appeal for the Cuban insurgents. In the house a bill was passed prescribing punishment for mutilating coins and for altering or passing mutilated or lightened coins. Bills were introduced for the deepening of the channel of the Fox river from Green Bay to Deper, Wis., and for the establishment of a life-saving station at Port Huron, Mich.

In the senate on the 17th Senator Morgan (Ala.) occupied almost the entire session speaking in support of the Cuban resolutions. Senator Pugh (Ala.) spoke in favor of the free coinage of silver. In the house the bill to amend the administrative tariff act of 1890 was passed. A bill was favorably reported authorizing the transmission in the mails, with one-cent stamps, of written messages on private mailing cards, such cards to be sent openly in the mails, of no larger size than the ordinary postal card. An adverse report was made on the bill to change to the 4th of March the time for the convening of congress. A favorable report was made on the bill providing an educational test for the admission of immigrants.

During the consideration in the senate on the 18th of a resolution to open the Uncompahgre reservation in Utah Secretary Hoke Smith was severely criticised, and Senator Vest said there was a disposition on the part of the administration not to treat the people of the west fairly, and if the president would hunt fewer ducks in North Carolina and silver democrats in Kentucky it would be better for the country. In the house the consideration of the resolutions censuring Mr. Bayard for speeches delivered by him in England occupied the time, and several speeches were made for and against the resolutions.

The senate on the 19th passed the house bill for the construction of a breakwater at the entrance to Marquette (Mich.) harbor. Bills were favorably reported to admit New Mexico to statehood, and for a preliminary survey and estimate of cost for a ship canal from Lower Lake Michigan to the Wabash river. A bill was introduced providing for a head tax of \$10 on each immigrant coming to the United States in vessels not belonging to the United States. The Cuban question was discussed. In the house the resolutions to censure Ambassador Bayard were further discussed.

Senator Morgan presented a new phase of the Cuban question to the senate on the 20th by offering a resolution declaring that a state of war exists in Cuba and recognizing the insurgents as belligerents. The bill for the admission of Arizona as a state of the union was reported favorably, as was also a bill providing for the election of United States senators by a direct vote of the people. The Cuban resolutions were further discussed. In the house a resolution was adopted by a vote of 189 to 71 censuring Thomas F. Bayard, ambassador to the court of St. James, for utterances delivered in an address to the Boston (England) grammar school and in an address before the Edinburgh (Scotland) Philosophical Institution last fall. A bill was introduced to prevent the carrying of obscene literature and articles for indecent and immoral use from one state or territory to another. A resolution was adopted unseating Mr. Boatner, representative from the Fifth district of Louisiana, and declaring the seat vacant.

DOMESTIC.

Robert Conover and James Reef, of Pasadena, were killed by a man named Nicholson in a fight over mining property at Banning, Cal.

The supreme court of Ohio decided that opening the side door of a saloon to customers on Sunday is a violation of the Sunday closing law.

The tug Mascot, which left Baltimore last November for Spain, was lost with her crew of eight men, all residents of Baltimore, and her commander, Capt. A. McCready, of New York.

Crawford Goldsby, alias "Cherokee Bill," was hanged at Fort Smith, Ark., for the murder of Ernest Melton on November 9, 1895.

The log cut on the Menominee river in Michigan the past winter was 400,000,000 feet, against 370,000,000 feet the year previous.

Robert E. Herman, 32 years old, a bartender, killed Lizzie Grater, 20 years old, a domestic, in New York, and then took his own life.

Robert Callaghan, an extensive manufacturer and real estate operator in Philadelphia, failed for \$400,000.

A big coal pool, covering all the shipments from Pennsylvania and Ohio by way of the lakes, was formed at Columbus, O.

James Long, Bros. & Co., makers of dress goods in Philadelphia, made an assignment with liabilities of \$200,000, and Frank and William Rhodes, building manufacturers, and William Henry & Co., umbrella makers, of the same city, failed, the former for \$400,000 and the latter for \$150,000.

William Conard, one of the best-known post office inspectors in the country, was found dead in bed at Greensboro, N. C.

Curfew ordinances requiring children to be in doors by nine o'clock in the evening were passed in Omaha and Lincoln, Neb.

An Irish flag floating over a schoolhouse at Pleasant Grove, O., was torn down by indignant citizens.

Five men were killed by the explosion of a powder mill at Rifton, N. Y.

John A. Knight, cashier of the Fifth avenue savings bank at Columbus, O., was arrested and charged with having embezzled \$80,000.

Fire destroyed the compressor mills of the Poorman and Tiger mines at Burke, Idaho, entailing a loss of \$200,000.

At Belleville, Tex., Clem Stawthor and Buck Chappelle (negroes) were hanged for murder.

Three unknown tramps were killed in a freight wreck on the Illinois Central near Water Valley, Miss.

A cyclone wrecked many houses and did other damage near Beaumont, Tex.

Martin L. Sweet, a capitalist at Grand Rapids, Mich., failed for \$200,000.

A fire destroyed the masonic temple and considerable other property at Providence, R. I., entailing a loss of \$325,000.

Orders were sent out from Washington to seize all filibustering expeditions leaving the United States to aid the Cuban insurgents.

Sheriff Doggett and Constable Reed were shot and a train robber named Daniel McCole was killed in an attempt to hold up an express train near Tulare, Cal.

North Port, a small mining town in Washington, near the Canadian boundary, was wiped out by fire.

John Moes, a manufacturer at New Riegel, O., shot and fatally injured his divorced wife and her sister, Miss Katie Smith, and made his escape.

While insane from sickness Albert Kinchlow shot and fatally wounded his mother at Indianapolis and then killed himself.

As a result of a conference of the leading Cuban sympathizers in New York three steamers will be fitted out for Cuban shores laden with arms and ammunition for the insurgents.

The State bank at Bloomfield, Neb., went into the hands of a receiver.

The scheme of adding the latest weather forecasts to the regular postmarks on letters will be commenced by the post office department July 1.

Gus Elzy (colored) shot and probably fatally wounded his wife at Peoria, Ill., and then shot and killed himself. Domestic trouble was the cause.

The exchanges at the leading clearing houses in the United States during the week ended on the 20th aggregated \$975,883,801, against \$943,098,042 the previous week. The increase, compared with the corresponding week in 1895, was 2.4.

Reports to New York commercial agencies show that the business outlook throughout the country was not encouraging.

One of the worst snowstorms of the season prevailed in western New York, the snow in many places being two feet deep on the level and drifts were enormous.

At Forest City, Pa., Frank Creagle fatally shot his wife, from whom he was separated, and then killed himself.

John Holzinger shot and killed his aged mother-in-law, Mrs. Catherine Miller, and fatally wounded his young wife in Milwaukee. Family trouble was the cause. The murderer was arrested. Ballington Booth has changed the name of his new salvation army to "The Volunteers."

There were 261 business failures in the United States in the seven days ended on the 20th, against 300 the week previous and 278 in the corresponding period of 1895.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

Wisconsin republicans in convention at Milwaukee selected as delegates-at-large to the national convention Philatus Sawyer, W. D. Hoard, E. S. Elliott and J. H. Stout. The platform declares for a protective tariff, reciprocity, the use of silver as currency, but to the extent only and under such restrictions that its parity with gold can be maintained, and indorses the candidacy of William McKinley for the presidency.

The republicans of the Fifth congressional district of Mississippi nominated J. E. Everett for congress.

Montana republicans will meet in Butte May 11 to select delegates to the national convention at St. Louis.

The Kansas populists met at Hutchinson and elected as delegates-at-large to the national convention ex-Gov. Lewelling, John W. Breidenthal, W. A. Harris and Frank Doster. The platform denounces trusts; demands that power be taken from the president and secretary of the treasury to issue bonds, maintains that all money should be issued by the government, and favors free-coinage of silver at sixteen to one.

Mrs. Abigail Knapp Holman, the wife of ex-representative William S. Holman, of Indiana, died suddenly in Washington.

Maryland republicans will meet in Baltimore April 22 for the selection of two presidential electors and four delegates-at-large to the St. Louis convention.

E. B. Head, the oldest printer in active service in Indiana, died at the home of his daughter in Franklin at the age of 86.

The Eleventh congressional district republicans of Texas nominated C. G. Brewster, of Laredo, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of Congressman Crain.

In the Fifteenth Missouri district the republicans renominated Charles G. Eurtion for congress.

Silver republicans held a conference in Washington to discuss plans for a campaign. They favor Senator Cameron, of Pennsylvania, for president.

Republican congressional nominations were made in the following Indiana districts: First, J. A. Hemenway, renominated; Second, A. W. Hardy, renominated; Fourth, M. R. Sulzer, renominated; Twelfth, J. D. Leighty, renominated.

Rev. Dr. Montgomery Schuyler, dean of Christ church cathedral in St. Louis for 42 years, died in the 83d year of his age.

Joseph Young, a colored man known to be upward of 100 years old, died at Belleville, Ill.

The Fifth annual convention of the American Republican College league will be held in Chicago on April 3.

Rhode Island republicans will select national delegates April 10 at Providence.

Gen. Neal Dow, the father of prohibition, celebrated his 92d birthday at his home in Portland, Me.

Thus far 294 of the delegates to the national republican convention have been elected and the preferences show the following result: McKinley, 161; Allison, 32; Morton, 28; Reed, 28; Quay, 14; unknown, 31.

Mrs. Mary Ann Mosely died in Columbia, Mo., at the age of 111 years.

Twenty-two out of the 26 republican national delegates selected in Indiana favor McKinley for president.

Mrs. Elizabeth Paulson, of Center township, Ia., died at the age of 104 years.

Mrs. Mary Harlan, mother of ex-Senator James Harlan, of Iowa, celebrated her 100th birthday at her home near Rockville, Ind.

FOREIGN.

During a recent snowstorm in the province of Orel, Russia, 130 persons were frozen to death in one night.

Among the persons killed by the explosion of gunpowder which shattered the British steamer Matadi, from Sierra Leone, at Boma, on the Congo river, were Mr. and Mrs. Stanley S. Harvey, missionaries, both of Boston, Mass., who were returning home.

Advices from Rome say that France and Russia were intriguing to detach Italy from the dreibund.

Three great fires occurred at Lutz, Russia, causing a loss of over \$1,000,000.

Advices from Madrid say that the pacification of Cuba was now looked upon as being impossible except as the result of a supreme effort involving the sending of large reinforcements to that island and instituting a complete blockade of its coasts.

General amnesty for the insurgents of the island of Crete, including common law offenders, was proclaimed by order of the sultan.

Cuban advices say that the insurgents had burned the villages of Cabanas, Nombre de Dios, Baja and San Cuyetano.

A dispatch from Cairo says that the Khalifa has proclaimed holy war against Egypt, and has called all the dervishes capable of bearing arms to enroll under his banners.

Alexander McLachlan, the well-known Canadian poet, died at his home in Orangeville, aged 78 years.

It was announced that the battle fought a few days ago in Pinar del Rio, Cuba, which the dispatches described as a Spanish victory, was in reality a lamentable defeat for the forces of Gen. Weyler.

The British schooners Forest Bell and Zenith collided in the English channel and the Zenith was sunk and five of her crew were drowned.

LATER.

Mr. Edison, the famous inventor, has succeeded in penetrating the human body with the naked eye. With the powerful cathode light behind his patient, he gazes through a screen of prepared chemicals and sees every organ of the body plainly.

Hugh McGovern, aged 100 years and 9 months, died at Wilkesbarre, Pa. He is survived by his third wife, aged 86.

John Hartman killed his wife and committed suicide at Omaha, Neb. No cause was known.

James Ford and Harry Somers were painting a church steeple at Grand, O. T., when a thunderstorm came up and they were killed by lightning.

There were ten cases of suicide in Chicago during the week ended on the 21st.

It was said that 50,000 persons were suffering in Chicago because of the strike in the clothing manufacturing trade.

Mr. Fitzmaurice, the British vice counsel, returned to Constantinople from Urfa and reported that 8,000 people were massacred during the recent disturbances there.

The First national bank at Mitchell, S. D., which closed its doors about a month ago, has resumed business.

William Q. Judge, president of the Theosophical society in America, died in New York.

The president issued an order extending the civil service to practically the entire Indian service.

Mrs. Elizabeth D. Blackburn died at her home in Fond du Lac, Wis., at the age of 100 years and 6 months.

Fire in the Atlantic oil refinery at Pittsburgh, Pa., caused a loss of over \$100,000.

Elijah Rutter and John White, of Brice, O., quarreled over the former's wife and both were fatally injured.

Julia Bird, an aged squaw, her daughter, Charlotte Bird, an infant daughter of Charlotte Bird and O. Biquette, an Indian, were burned to death near Bayfield, Wis., during a drunken carousal.

A mob took William Murphy from the jail at Huntsville, Tenn., and strung him to a tree for the murder of William Knowlin, a miner.

John Cloggett and Lee Williams were killed and three other men were injured by an explosion of dynamite at Ellicott City, Md.

Tilton E. Doolittle, for 20 years Connecticut's state attorney, died suddenly of apoplexy at his home in New Haven.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, ss.

LUCAS COUNTY.
FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.
Notary Public.
Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1895.

A. W. GLEASON.
Notary Public.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

AN EMBARRASSING QUESTION.—Schoolmaster (to new boy).—"What is your father by trade?" Boy (perplexed).—"I haven't to tell." S.—"But you must." B. (after a great deal of hesitation).—"Please, sir, he's the bearded woman at the circus."—Almanach Amusant.

An Idle Scavenger.

The bowels act the part of a scavenger, inasmuch as they remove much of the debris, the waste effete matter of the system. When they grow idle, neglectful of duty, it is of the utmost importance that they should be impelled to activity. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters effects this desirable object without griping them like a drastic purgative. The Bitters is also efficacious for malaria, bilious, dyspeptic and kidney trouble.

DINGUS.—"By the way, Shadbolt, talking of those X rays—" Shadbolt (sheering off).—"No use, Dingus. You'll make no X raise from me this time."—Chicago Tribune.

For St. Paul and Minneapolis.

The "North-Western Limited," sumptuously equipped with buffet, smoking and library cars, regular and compartment sleeping cars, and luxurious dining cars, leaves Chicago via the North-Western Line (Chicago & North-Western R'y) at 6:30 p. m. daily, and arrives at destination early the following morning. All principal ticket agents sell tickets via this popular route.

All About Western Farm Lands.

The "Corn Belt" is the name of an illustrated monthly newspaper published by the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy R. R. It aims to give information in an interesting way about the farm lands of the west. Send 25 cents in postage stamps to the Corn Belt, 200 Adams St., Chicago, and the paper will be sent to your address for one year.

"Tis well your heaviest wraps we wear When you are skating go. Even though for frost you do not care; They break the fall, you know."—Washington Star.

When Nature

Needs assistance it may be best to render it promptly, but one should remember to use even the most perfect remedies only when needed. The best and most simple and gentle remedy is the Syrup of Figs, manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Company.

Thus grief still treads upon the heels of pleasure, marry'd in haste, we may repent at leisure.—Congreve.

THERE is money to be made in Cripple Creek. When you go take the "Rock Island Route" to Colorado Springs. This is the only direct line—saves several hours' time to Cripple Creek. Send for full information. JOHN SEBASTIAN, Gen'l Pass. Agent, Chicago.

Schiller Theater, Chicago.

Stuart Robson's great New York success, "Mrs. Ponderbury's Past," begins March 22. Funniest play he has ever had.

If a man is endowed with a generous mind, this is the best kind of nobility.—Plato.

Firs stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. No fits after first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and \$2 trial bottle free. Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

He—"At times I lose myself." She (bored to death).—"How?"—Detroit Tribune.

EXPLOSIONS of Coughing are stopped by Hale's Hoof and Hornhound and Tar. Pike's Toothache Drops Cure in one minute.

The noblest motive is the public good.—Virgil.

PEDANTRY crams our heads with learned lumber, and takes out our brains to make room for it.—Colton.

He surely is in want of another's patience who has none of his own.—Lavater.

We think Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only medicine for Coughs.—JENNIE PINCKARD, Springfield, Ills., Oct. 1, 1894.

"I am sixty years of age and from girlhood have been familiar with the name of Ayer.... Five years ago, I became nervous, sleepless, and lost flesh. I took a variety of medicines without benefit. At last I began a course of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. I became stronger, gained flesh, and"

The First national bank at Mitchell, S. D., which closed its doors about a month ago, has resumed business.

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Sour

Stomach, sometimes called waterbrash, and burning pain, distress, nausea, dyspepsia, are cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla. This it accomplishes because with its wonderful power as a blood purifier, Hood's Sarsaparilla gently tones and strengthens the stomach and digestive organs, invigorates the liver, creates an appetite, gives refreshing sleep, and raises the health tone. In cases of dyspepsia and indigestion it seems to have "a magic touch."

"For over 13 years I suffered from sour

Stomach

with severe pains across my shoulders, and great distress. I had violent nausea which would leave me very weak and faint, difficult to get my breath. These spells came oftener and more severe. I did not receive any lasting benefit from physicians, but found such happy effects from a trial of Hood's Sarsaparilla, that I took several bottles and mean to always keep it in the house. I am now able to do all my own work, which for six years I have been unable to do. My husband and son have also been greatly benefited by Hood's Sarsaparilla—for pains in the back, and after the grip. I gladly recommend this grand blood medicine." Mrs. PETER BURBY, Leominster, Mass.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists \$1.

Hood's Pills cure all Liver Ills and Sick Headache. 25 cents.

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR

W. L. DOUGLAS

\$3. SHOE BEST IN THE WORLD.

If you pay \$4 to \$6 for shoes, examine the W. L. Douglas Shoe, and see what a good shoe you can buy for

OVER 100 STYLES AND WIDTHS.

CONGRESS, BUTTON, and LACE, made in all kinds of the best selected leather by skilled workmen. We make and sell more \$3 shoes than any other

manufacturer in the world.

None genuine unless name and price is stamped on the bottom.

Ask your dealer for our \$5, \$4, \$3.50, \$2.50, \$2.25 Shoes; \$2.50, \$2 and \$1.75 for boys.

TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE. If your dealer cannot supply you, send to factory enclosing price and 35 cents to pay carriage. State kind, style of toe (cap or plain), size and width. Our Custom Dept. will fill your order. Send for new illustrated Catalogue to Box R.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

It is the medicine above all others for catarrh, and is worth its weight in gold.

I can use Ely's Cream Balm with safety and it does all that is claimed for it.—B. W. Sperry, Hartford, Conn.

ELLY'S CREAM BALM Opens and cleanses the nasal passages, Allays Pain and inflammation, Heals the Sores, Protects the Membrane from colds, Restores the Sense of Taste and Smell. The Balm is quickly absorbed and gives relief at once.

A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 10 cents at Druggists or by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 50 Warren Street, New York.

FAYETTE COUNTY, WEST TENNESSEE.

Come here for genial climate and big crops. Northern farmers own homes here. A. J. HOOKS, Secretary, 60 MEYERVILLE, Fayette County, Tennessee.

CATARRH

ELLY'S CREAM BALM Opens and cleanses the nasal passages, Allays Pain and inflammation, Heals the Sores, Protects the Membrane from colds, Restores the Sense of Taste and Smell. The Balm is quickly absorbed and gives relief at once.

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FAYETTE COUNTY, WEST TENNESSEE.

Come here for genial climate and big crops. Northern farmers own homes here. A. J. HOOKS, Secretary, 60 MEYERVILLE, Fayette County, Tennessee.

"A Word in Season"


The season is Spring,—

Spring when you call on your body for all its energy, and tax it to the limit

of effort. Does it answer you when you call? Does it creep unwillingly to work? It's the natural effect of the waste of winter. So much for the season. Now for the word. If you would eat heartily, sleep soundly, work easily, and feel like a new being, take

Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

* This testimonial will be found in full in Ayer's "Curebook" with a hundred others. Free. Address J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.



It's Pure

Walter Baker & Co.'s
Cocoa is Pure—it's all
Cocoa—no filling—no
chemicals.

WALTER BAKER & CO., Ltd., Dorchester, Mass.

FALLING SNOWFLAKES.

Here there, everywhere,
On the ground and in the air,
On the mountain, on the hill,
On each frozen brook and rill,
On the housetops, on the trees,
Look which ever way you please,
Like sprites upon the wind they go,
Falling, sparkling flakes of snow.

Like to the rain of orchard blooms,
The snowflakes fall on loved ones' tombs,
Weaving a mantle, spotless white,
A pall that covers from our sight
The sacred mounds, till springtime shows
The leaves and wake the flowers!

Pattering on my window panes,
They seem the ghosts of autumn rains;
Or like spirits of dead flowers,
Or like wings of sweet perfume,
That with wings of cloudland high,
Upward soared from cloudland high,
And from worldly storms and gloom
Coming back to earth below,
Pure, white, fleecy flakes of snow!

Falling snowflakes from on high,
From yon bright and starry sky,
Would that ye could tell to me
Of the wondrous mystery,
Of the worlds that fly through space,
Of the comets in their race,
The meteor's gleam, the lightning's flash,
The falling stars, the thunder's crash!
But though ye come from cloudland high,
It is not yours to make reply:
Still, of such mysteries I would know,
Falling, sparkling flakes of snow.

Crystal snowflakes, in your fall,
Days of my boyhood ye recall;
A village schoolhouse I can see;
With schoolmates still endeared to me,
The spectral snow men that we made,
The many winter games we played;
The schoolboy tilts with schoolboy foe,
Our weapons hand grenades of snow;
The mimic battles lost and won,
The prisoners taken, all in fun;
The frozen race, the creaking mill,
The skating pond, the snow crowned hill,
Down whose steep and slippery side
Upon our sleds we used to glide
Over the crisp and sparkling snow,
Like flying arrows from a bow.
Ah, me! So long, so long ago!

When I shall sleep the sleep of death,
When I shall spirit soar on high,
O, may my bright and starry sky,
Above my flowers perennial bloom,
And naught is known of storm or gloom,
Where purest love pervadeth all,
Nor winter chills, nor snowflakes fall.
—George W. Osborn, in Detroit Free Press.

"AN AWKWARD FIX."



FOUND IT!
Wherever can a Charlotte be?"
It is M. Chapoulot, and, as the words show, M. Chapoulot is out of humor. Ordinarily M. Chapoulot is as good-tempered and easy-going as one would expect in a man of 60, who, having been like John Gilpin in his day, a linen-draper bold, has in good time retired to enjoy a modest competency in repose. Your wealthy London tradesman, now, who has grown rich beneath the shadow of St. Paul's, if he retires at all before death or disease puts him suddenly hors de combat, flies off to spend his fortune at Brighton, or Bath, or Cheltenham—anywhere rather than in the great metropolis where he has made it. But M. Chapoulot, like the true Parisian he is, will never desert his Ville Lumiere, and has retired no farther than from the bustle of the boulevards to the more peaceful Rue de la Trocadero.

There he now lives with his only daughter Charlotte and an old faithful servant of the family, and it is the former whom he is at this moment impatiently awaiting.

It is dinner time with the Chapoulots, who dine at six. One might see it by the snowy tablecloth, the neatly-rolled serviettes with their little ivory rings, the plates, the glasses, and there, lifting its head in sovereignty over all, the tall wine bottle with its petit blanc vin, which is to the Parisian what tea and coffee and beer and all the beverages of the day are to the average Englishman.

M. Chapoulot always begins his dinner with punctuality, but he has never begun it without Charlotte. And Charlotte comes not. Five minutes past six, and M. Chapoulot's impatience becomes annoyance; ten minutes, and it is even anger; a quarter past, and he is furious. Hunger, they say, will tame a lion, but it will none the less ruffle the equanimity of a saint. Wherever can Charlotte be? She has gone this afternoon to take her music lesson in the Boulevard des Capucines. She goes three times a week, and always returns in ample time for dinner.

Twenty past, anger begins to give way to nervousness; five-and-twenty, it is alarm; half-past six and no Charlotte. M. Chapoulot is trembling with anxiety. Hurriedly he summons the old servant, asks for his hat and boots; he will go out himself and see whatever may have happened.

But suddenly there is a merry little rap at the door, and Charlotte enters. No evil can have come, for there she stands in the doorway, smiling, radiant, in all the ease and grace of a petite Parisienne.

"Oh! papa!—"

"An adventure!" exclaims M. Chapoulot, starting from his seat and dropping his spoon into the soup upon which he has already commenced.

"Yes, papa! an adventure in the omnibus with a young man."

"The omnibus—with a young man! Parbleu!"

"But with a young man comme il faut, papa, I can assure you."

"You ought to know, Charlotte, that a young man comme il faut has no adventures, above all in an omnibus. Whatever do you mean?"

"It is very simple, papa. You need not make such a cruel face. I had forgotten my purse. That is a thing which happens often enough."

"Yes, yes; especially to those who haven't got one. Go on."

"I never discovered it until the conductor held out his hand to take my fare. What could I do? What could I say? I should be taken for a pauper—for an adventurer, perhaps. I was crimson, I was pale, I felt that I should faint; when, happily, a young man who sat next to me gave the conductor a piece of silver, saying: 'Take for two.' This gentleman, seeing my embarrassment, had kindly paid for me."

"Well, miss, you have done a nice thing. Accept six sous from a stranger! You had better have explained to the conductor, to the driver, to all the company. But people should not forget their purses—I never do. And now, how will you return his money? You will never think of keeping it?"

"I have his card, papa: M. Agenor Baluchet, clerk at the ministry of—"

But papa, without hearing another word, has snatched the piece of paste-board from her hand, exclaiming:

"What? This gentleman, not content with insolently lending his six sous, has had the impudence to force his card upon you into the bargain! He is a very scoundrel, your young man comme il faut."

"But papa, I could not return his money if I did not know his address."

M. Chapoulot has not a word to answer to this ingenious argument, but, with a gesture of the intensest irritation, throws down his serviette upon the table.

"It is written that I shall not dine this evening," he says to the old servant. "Find me a cab at once. I am going to restore to this Agenor his six sous immediately, and to tell him a few truths as well."

"But, papa, that will be ingratitude. You must remember that this young man has saved your daughter from un faux pas."

"Un faux pas! He has rather led you into one. But, silence, miss! I am not going to receive lessons; above all, lessons in memory, from a silly girl who forgets her purse."

M. Chapoulot has taken his hat and looks even more enraged than ever.

The old servant comes back. "A cabman is at the door, but he will only agree to a single journey."

"Oh, that will do! I can easily find another to return."

And M. Chapoulot goes out in furious haste, while Charlotte timidly confides to the sympathizing servant that she knows even more of the young man than she has dared to say. For a month past he has regularly traveled in the same omnibus, and she has noticed that he has noticed, etc., etc.

Agenor, in his bachelor apartment, sits thinking over his experience of the evening and vowing he will not wash until the morning the hand that had been touched by the dainty fingers of Charlotte when she received the card.

Suddenly a sharp rap at the door, a violent opening and a stout gentleman

out of breath, his hat upon his ears and cane in his hand, breaks in upon his dreaming.

"Monsieur!" exclaims the invader, "your conduct is scandalous. You are not worthy the name of a French gentleman. An honest man would never take advantage of the embarrassment and inexperience of a young lady. To and inexperience of a father and a purse, to offer your money—and your card into the bargain—to an unprotected girl, it may be a good investment, but it is a bad action. I have brought you your six sous again, and would have you know, sir, that, as for my daughter and myself, we wish to have nothing to do with you."

all furious, with an oath upon his lips and brandishing his whip in a threatening manner.

"Eh! you! What do you mean? You engage me for a single journey. I tell you I cannot stay. You even order me to hurry. And then you jump from my cab like a madman and rush in here without a word. None of that for me. I have only one thing to ask. Pay me my money quickly, or—"

And the whip goes round again more emphatically than before.

Agenor understands nothing of it. But the stout gentleman, who has searched vigorously in all his pockets, becomes suddenly pale, then red, then redder still, then crimson, then violet. He is silent in stupefaction a minute, and then, in answer to a more vigorous demand from the cabman, he manages to falter:

"I have—forgotten—my—purse!"

"Oh, yes! I know," cries the enraged cocher. "I have seen that dodge before."



"YOU SHALL TELL YOUR TALE AT THE POLICE OFFICE."

You needn't try it on with me. Come along! you shall tell your tale at the police office." And he begins to drag away by the shoulders the unfortunate Chapoulot, who is ready to fall into an apopleptic fit.

But Agenor, a true providence for the family, draws from his pocket the necessary sum and dismisses the driver.

"You will allow me, sir," he says to M. Chapoulot, who, all at once understanding that it is possible to forget one's purse, and that of all friends a friend in need is one indeed, can only reply with a smile:

"Monsieur—M. Baluchet, I believe—24 centimes for the omnibus and one franc 75 for the cab, that makes 41 sous I owe you. If you will be good enough to dine with me this evening, we will settle our affairs at once. As an old business man, I like not outstanding debts. Besides, ready reckonings always make good friends."

A quarter of an hour later the servant puts a third plate upon the table in the Rue de la Trocadero. A month later there is a still larger party, when the wedding of Charlotte and Agenor is celebrated. And M. Chapoulot will often say to those who care to hear him:

"Beware of borrowing, oh! fathers of families. C'est un faux pas. I made once a debt of 41 sous, and could only repay it with a dowry of 20,000 francs."

—Strand Magazine.

A STARVED MIND.

Why a Girl Shook Her Head When Dickens Was Mentioned.

It is a fact that children who have had in abundance the old nursery tales, who have worn out numerous copies of Mother Goose, to whom Christmas and birthday mean new books of rhyme and story, being led thus by gradual steps to the uplands of history, poetry and romance, seldom go down before the malignancy of the "blood and thunder" so freely offered them. It is the starved childhood that seizes and feeds upon these.

A girl 12 years old had occasion to call at the home of a lady who had befriended her. Scattered about the floor of the sitting-room were the books of a small nephew, among them a copy of Little Red Riding Hood. Her life, barren and hard, had known nothing of literature save her few school-books. She picked up the volume and was soon absorbed in the story. When the lady came in, she extended it to her, saying eagerly: "Is it true?"

It was her first step in the realm of enchantment, but it came too late. She had experienced the real; it was hard, bitter. The same girl a few years later awaited her turn at the library, and begged the attendant to choose for her. The lady hesitated, then extending a volume of Dickens said: "Will you have this?"

She shook her head, saying: "I tried to read one of his, once. He writes of rags and poverty and hard times. Give me something livelier, please." —Lippincott's Magazine.

Turkish Restaurants.

In Constantinople the restaurants are now expected to provide knives and forks for their customers. In Persia, however, the diner is given no fork, and in place of it uses a bit of unleavened bread.

—The heavens themselves, the planets and this center, observe degree, priority and place, insisture, course, proportion, season, form, office and custom, and all in line of order.—Shakespeare.

LYNCHED.

Masked Men Take a Murderer from Jail and Hang Him.

Chattanooga, Tenn., March 23.—A mob of 30 determined men obtained William Murphy from the Scott county jail at Huntsville, Tenn., at midnight Saturday night by a stratagem and hung him pleading and praying to a locust tree in the public square not 100 feet from the jail. The victim was in prison awaiting trial for killing Bill Bowlin, a miner at Pioneer, three weeks ago. Circuit court was in progress at the time, but Murphy's case had not been reached. The lynchers, with the exception of the leader, who was unknown to the officers, wore handkerchiefs about the lower part of their faces. The "unknown" rapped the jailer out of bed with the declaration that he was a certain deputy sheriff with a prisoner. A gun was thrust in Jailer Ellis' face as he opened the door and his keys were demanded. He refused to produce them, but his daughter, who appeared in the office, was frightened into producing them by seeing a dozen guns leveled at her.

The mob did their work so noiselessly that the villagers were not apprised of the bloody deed until Sunday morning when they beheld a ghastly sight at their very doors. The wretch was dragged out of his cell, praying continually and pleading with his grim executioners for his life. He asked them not to choke him to death. Not a word was spoken and the murderer was given no opportunity to make a confession, for the crime he committed was seen by several personal witnesses. The lynchers, who are unknown, disappeared like shadows after the lynching.

WILLIAM Q. JUDGE IS DEAD.

President of American Theosophical Society Expires.

New York, March 23.—William Q. Judge, president of the Theosophical society in America and the man who has been regarded by the theosophists of this country as the grand high priest and legitimate successor of Mme. Blavatsky, died Saturday at 325 West Fifty-sixth street. He had been ailing for more than two years and Saturday morning he succumbed to the affection of the lungs which change of climate had failed to cure.

During his 20 years' work in spreading the gospel of the theosophists and interpreting the will of the Mahatmas, Mr. Judge had become a well-known figure in three continents and his work under Mme. Blavatsky in Asia, Europe and America had attracted the attention of millions of people.

Mr. Judge was one of the original members and first secretary of the theosophical society in this country. It was founded in the apartments of Mme. Blavatsky, at 46 Irving place, September 7, 1875, with 40 followers. Since then the creed has spread until at the present time it is said that there are 400,000 theosophists in America.

The present secretary of the society, Claude Falls Wright, will probably act as its chief until the annual convention, which will be held in Chicago next month.

KILLED BY DYNAMITE.

Two Men Frightfully Mangled and Two Injured Near Ellicott City, Md.

Ellicott City, Md., March 23.—Two men were killed and three slightly injured Saturday by an explosion of dynamite, which shook the earth and was heard for miles around. The dead are: John Claggett and Lee Williams. Williams, who was employed by the Catonsville and Ellicott City Electric Railway company, was engaged in grading and had a large quantity of dynamite on hand to be used in blasting. He had placed three dozen sticks of the explosive near a fire for the purpose of thawing out the fuses, which had been frozen.

Just at this time Mr. Claggett happened to be passing by and stopped to remonstrate with Williams for his carelessness. As he was speaking the stuff exploded, hurling Williams 20 feet through the air and throwing Mr. Claggett about half that distance in another direction. Both of Williams' legs were torn off above the knees and his head was badly lacerated. Mr. Claggett's left leg was torn almost off and his body and head burned and bruised. He was taken to his home and amputation resorted to, but he died in an hour after the explosion. Williams was removed to the Maryland university hospital in Baltimore, and died on the way to the city.

TAUBENEOK PREDICTS.

Chairman of the People's Party Confident of the Result.

St. Louis, March 23.—Chairman Taubeneok, of the national executive committee of the people's party, said Saturday after his return from the Kansas convention:

"When the national convention of the silver party and our party meet in St. Louis every honorable effort will be made to form a coalition. I believe our presidential candidate will come from the west or south because the people distrust an eastern man. I believe we will carry a majority of the southern and western states next fall because the people distrust an eastern man. We will get Alabama, Georgia and the Carolinas and if we unite with the silver forces we expect to carry all southern states except West Virginia, Kentucky and Tennessee. We will get Utah, Colorado, Montana, Idaho, Nevada, Wyoming, Oregon, Washington, California, Kansas, Nebraska, the Dakotas and I believe Iowa will go our way, with a fighting chance to capture Missouri. We are certain of sweeping Texas. This would leave the republicans 16 states without taking the democrats into account."

MICHIGAN STATE NEWS.

Insurance Figures.

Insurance Commissioner Gidding in his report covering the Michigan business of life, casualty assessment and fraternal insurance companies for 1895 says:

In 1895 the old-line companies issued a total of 55,165 policies, representing \$24,462,548 of insurance. At the close of the year they had in force in Michigan 121,900 policies, representing \$127,550,365 of insurance. Cooperative, life, and accident associations wrote 9,182 policies, aggregating \$19,509,900. The Michigan business of fraternal beneficiary associations for 1895 was 23,256 certificates, aggregating \$38,230,185. The casualty, fidelity and miscellaneous companies wrote 57,347,771.75 of insurance, received \$300,300.58 in premiums and incurred losses aggregating \$38,959.87.

A Jealous Lover's Crime.

Gertrude Bailey, a prominent young lady, was murdered at her home near Benton Harbor by her jilted suitor, Archie Balangea, who went to visit the girl. He was refused admission to the house, and upon forcing an entrance he shot the girl through the heart, and, turning to the girl's sister, he fired upon her, inflicting a serious wound in the neck. He also tried to shoot the girl's mother, and then went about half a mile from the house, where his body was found with a bullet in his brain.

Women Make Trouble.

County Clerk Forbes, of Kalamazoo, notified Attorney-General Maynard that several women notaries public of that county have married since receiving their commissions. Mr. Forbes desires to know what name they are to sign. He has advised them to sign "Mrs. John Jones, formerly Susan Smith," or whatever their present and former names happen to be, and wants to know if this will meet the requirements of the law. The attorney-general will look into the matter.

Health in Michigan.

During the week ended March 14 reports sent in by 51 observers in various portions of the state indicated that diarrhea and pleuritis increased and erysipelas decreased in area of prevalence. Consumption was reported at 235 places, typhoid fever at 17, diphtheria at 24, scarlet fever at 38, measles at 28, whooping cough at 14 and smallpox at Detroit, Saginaw, Riga township, Bay City, Marine City, Inlay township and Ionia.

The Secret Died with Him.

Harry Laker, an odd character who had resided in Homer for more than 20 years, died of apoplexy, aged nearly 70 years. Nearly all the time he had lived in barns. He was a hard and remarkably fast workman and always had work, which kept him busy from daylight to darkness. Miserly in his habits, Laker laid up thousands of dollars in gold. His money is secreted somewhere, but the secret died with him.

Protected Their Mother.

Grant and William Monks each shot their father, Richard, at Bay City, while the latter was choking their mother. They claimed they supposed their father was killing her with a knife. Both shots took effect, one breaking the right arm and the other entering the body near the nipple. The latter was supposed to be a fatal wound.

Brief News Items.

A deal was closed at St. Joseph that secures an immense lumber planing mill for that city.

William Moulton, a printer at St. Joseph, was in jail, charged with forging checks on business men.

While feeding a vicious horse Gregory Reynolds, 30 years of age, living at Byron, was attacked by the animal and received injuries which, if they do not result fatally, will disfigure him for life.

Don J. Leathers, a well-known republican politician and wealthy lumberman at Grand Rapids, was married to Miss Louise Hane, a society lady.

The Chamberlain homestead, which was a landmark when the county seat of St. Clair county was located at St. Clair, was completely destroyed by fire.

A Finlander named Abraham Capaul was found dead in a pile of hay in a rear room of Oscar Field's saloon in Negaunee. Dissipation was the cause.

Merlin Vallean, of Pine Grove, went insane through religious excitement while attending revival services.

The dead body of Perry Grigsby, aged 25, was found in the barnyard at James Day's farm near Trowbridge. He was frozen to death.

The 40th annual fair of the Ionia District Fair association will be held at Ionia September 15 to 18, inclusive.

Knights Templars and several subordinate lodges of the masonic order suffered damages to the extent of \$40,000 by a fire in Detroit.

Secretary of State Gardner has revoked the license of the Granite State Provident association of Manchester, N. H., to do business in Michigan.

Star service between Lake Ridge and Britton has been increased to cover the site of the new office.

The post office at Lafayette, Gratiot county, has been discontinued and the mail will go to Rathbone hereafter.

The question of bonding Midland county for \$15,000 for the construction of a new courthouse will be voted on at the April election.

Margaret J. Tate began suit in the circuit court in Grand Rapids against Harrison T. Ledyard for a \$20,000 solace to her damaged affections.

Easter Sunday

April 5,

Is a date which all have in mind, but we are thinking of the few days previous to that date.

There are some things which everybody intends to purchase on those days, and we have them.

Easter Egg Dyes,

Six colors for 5 cents. Bright, fast colors, and perfectly harmless. Enough to color several dozen eggs. Fine line of Easter perfumes, both in bulk and handsomely cut glass bottles, from 25c to \$3.50 per bottle. Don't forget the date, the perfumes, the dyes, or

R. S. ARMSTRONG & CO.

GROFF'S Rheumatic Cure

Is the only positive Cure known to the Medical Profession for the Cure of Acute and Chronic Rheumatism, Gout, Lumbago, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Ovarian Neuralgia, Dismenorrhoea, Psoriasis, Scrofula, Liver and Kidney Diseases. A positive Cure effected in from 6 to 15 days. For sale by all Druggists.

200,000 WEAK MEN CURED!

STARTLING FACTS FOR DISEASED VICTIMS.

CURES GUARANTEED OR NO PAY!

ARE YOU? Nervous and despondent; weak or debilitated; tired morning; no ambition—lifeless; memory poor; easily fatigued; excitable and irritable; eyes weak, red and blurred; pimples on face; dreams and night terrors; restless; frequent awakenings; back pain; hair loose; ulcers; nose bleeds; varicose veins; deposit in urine and drains of other discharges; want of confidence; lack of energy and strength—WE CAN CURE YOU!

RESTORED TO MANHOOD BY DR. K. & K.

JOHN A. MANLIN, JOHN A. MANLIN, CHAS. POWERS, CHAS. POWERS.



BEFORE TREATMENT. AFTER TREATMENT. BEFORE TREATMENT. AFTER TREATMENT.

NO NAMES OR TESTIMONIALS USED WITHOUT WRITTEN CONSENT.

VARICOCELE, EMISSIONS AND IMPOTENCY CURED

specialists to all my afflicted fellowmen.

CURES GUARANTEED OR NO PAY.—CONFIDENTIAL.

"The vices of early boyhood laid the foundation of my ruin. Later on a 'gay life' and exposure to blood diseases completed the wreck. I had all the symptoms of Nervous Debility—sunk eyes, emissions, drain in urine, nervousness, weak back, etc. Syphilis caused my hair to fall out, bone pains, ulcers in mouth and on tongue, blotches on body, etc. I thank God I tried Drs. Kennedy & Kergan. They restored me to health, vigor and happiness." CHAS. POWERS.

We treat and cure Varicocele, Emissions, Nervous Debility, Seminal Weakness, Gleet, Stricture, Syphilis, Unnatural Discharges, Self Abuse, Kidney and Bladder Diseases.

17 YEARS IN DETROIT. 200,000 CURED. NO RISK.

READER! Are you a victim? Have you lost hope? Are you contemplating marriage? Has your blood been diseased? Have you any weakness? Our New Method Treatment will cure you. What it has done for others it will do for you. CONSULTATION FREE. No matter who has treated you, write for an honest opinion free of charge. (Charge reasonable). 800KS FREE—"The Golden Monitor" (illustrated), on Diseases of Men. Includes postage, 1 cent. Sealed.

NO NAMES USED WITHOUT WRITTEN CONSENT. PRIORITIES. No medicines sent C. O. D. No names on boxes or envelopment. Everything confidential. Question list and cost of Treatment, FREE.

DRS. KENNEDY & KERGAN, No. 148 SHELBY ST. DETROIT, MICH.

For All Kinds Plain and Fancy

Job Printing

Call at the Herald Office.

Chelsea and Vicinity.

Sheriff Judson was in town last Saturday.

There are now 68 inmates in the county house.

Frank McNamara spent Sunday in Jackson.

Chelsea is soon to have a local telephone exchange.

L. T. Freeman and wife spent Tuesday in Detroit.

Burnett Sparks is now clerk at the Chelsea House.

Frank Young has removed to John Buchler's house.

Bert Stedman is confined to the house with pneumonia.

Miss Agnes McKune returned to Detroit last Monday.

Pointed toe shoes and big sleeves have seen their best day.

Chris Bagge has rented and will occupy the Townsend house.

Byron Parks removed his family to Jackson last Tuesday.

Faye Moon, of Albion, called on Chelsea friends Wednesday.

Tommy McNamara has purchased the Wood house on West Middle street.

John Bagge has returned from Detroit, and will make his home on the farm.

Messrs. Muck and Scheller, of Onsted, called on Chelsea friends last Sunday.

Prof. and Mrs. Gus Warren returned home from Columbus, Ohio, last week.

The Chelsea Electric Light Company have their new engine in running order.

John Runciman, who has been seriously ill for the past week, is slowly improving.

Geo. Staffan, who has been on the sick list for several weeks, is improving in health.

March 29 is Palm Sunday, April 8 is Good Friday, and April 5 is Easter Sunday.

Confirmation will be administered in St. Paul's church next Sunday—Palm Sunday.

Station Agent Martin is on the sick list. Wilbur Van Riper is acting in his place this week.

Miss Mary Hines, of Dexter, was the guest of Mrs. O'Brien last Tuesday and Wednesday.

The Republicans and Democrats each hold their caucus at the town hall Saturday afternoon.

Messrs. William Monks and Matthew Brady, of Pinckney, visited friends in Chelsea last week.

The Rev. M. J. Fleming and Mr. Michael Bersuder, of Dexter, were in Chelsea last Tuesday.

Daniel Sullivan, of Columbus, Ohio, was the guest of his brother, M. D. Sullivan, of Unadilla, last week.

E. L. Negus is the possessor of a hen that lays Easter eggs to order. See sample at Bank Drug Store.

The regular meeting of the W. R. C. will be held on Friday, March 27, at 7 p. m. sharp. R. M. Wilkinson, Sec.

Died, March 19, 1896, Mr. Charles Baldwin, aged about 27 years. The funeral was held Saturday forenoon from the M. F. church.

Died at his home on South Main street, March 25, 1896, Mr. Arthur Congdon, aged 56 years. The funeral will be held Saturday afternoon.

The annual business meeting of the Baptist church and society will be held in the parlors of the Baptist church on Saturday, April 4, at 2:30 p. m.

Next Sunday will be Palm Sunday. The blessing and distribution of the Palms will take place in St. Mary's church, Chelsea, at 10:30 a. m.

To avoid holding it on Easter Day, the union temperance meeting will be held next Sunday evening instead of on the first Sunday evening of April. It will be held in the Methodist church and will be addressed by Rev. C. L. Adams.

Mr. James Cavender, of Munith, died Tuesday evening, March 24, 1896, from consumption. He was a young man 35 years of age and of exemplary character. His funeral will take place from St. Mary's church, Chelsea, on Friday morning, March 27, 1896, at 10:30 o'clock.

A doctor says that the big sleeves are responsible in a great measure for the pneumonia that has been prevalent among women this winter. His theory is that wraps and big sleeves do not go well together, and that the wrap is laid aside whenever there is the faintest symptom of warm weather.

A Republican Pingree Club was organized here last Thursday evening, and the following officers elected: President, B. Parker; vice-presidents, A. Steger and E. L. Negus; secretary, J. Bacon, executive committee, H. S. Holmes, H. W. Schmidt, H. M. Twamley, J. D. Schnaitman, Chas. Steinbach.

List of Patents

Granted to Michigan inventors this week, reported by C. A. Snow & Co., solicitors of American and foreign patents, opposite United States patent office, Washington, D. C.:

I. Anderson, Saginaw, telephone switchboard; P. W. Berridge, Sturgis, carpet stretcher; C. C. Blood, Kalamazoo, bicycle; F. S. Hillhouse, Kalamazoo, siphon; R. J. Hubbard, Mount Clemens, folding chair; J. D. Kefuss, Hudson, vehicle roller bearing; E. J. Leach, Detroit, music holder; W. R. Marshall, East Saginaw, dust collector; J. P. McGarry, Bay City, hydrocarbon illuminating lamp; J. H. Robbins, Owosso, extension table; J. Seibel, Ontonagon, thill coupling; J. T. Strahan, Grand Rapids, type writer desk; C. E. Wakeman, Pontiac, steam generator; E. D. Williamson, Detroit, tree conveyor

For Good Roads.

Nearly 200 delegates attended the Good Roads Convention held at Lansing recently. Much interest was manifest in the meeting, and it is earnestly hoped that the formation of this organization will be instrumental in bettering the condition of the highways of the state. Hundreds of thousands of dollars are lost each year by the farmers of Michigan through the miserable roads, and the present system of keeping them is simply worse than nothing. The following persons were chosen as officers of the Michigan League of Good Roads, as the organization was named:

President, William L. Webber, of Saginaw; vice-president, William Appleton, of Lansing; secretary and treasurer, E. M. Hopkins, of Saginaw. One from each congressional district was chosen as an executive committee, Col. C. V. DeLand, of Jackson, being the representative for this district.

We publish the constitution adopted and hope to see the farmers of this county organize a league and afterward each township take up the good work:

Article 1.—The name of this organization will be the Michigan League of Good Roads.

Article 2.—The objects of the organization shall be to awaken general interest in the improvement of public roads; investigate the best methods of building and maintaining them; aid in securing such legislation as may be deemed necessary to cause to be published and circulated such matter as may best promote the objects.

Article 3.—Any citizen of Michigan may become a member of this league by signing its constitution or giving his authority to the secretary to sign it for him. There shall be no initiation fee, nor any membership dues. Each member shall keep the secretary advised of his post-office address.

Article 4.—The officers of the league shall consist of a president, a vice-president, a secretary and a treasurer, who shall serve for one year or until their successors shall be elected and qualify. There shall also be appointed by the president, as soon as may be, a vice-president for each county in the state where a county league does not exist, and where a county league shall be organized the president thereof shall be vice president of the state league.

Article 5.—There may be organized in each county within this state county leagues to promote the same objects and to operate with the state league. There may be organized in each township a township league to promote the same objects. Such township leagues may act in co-operation with the county or the state league.

Article 6.—As this league is formed for public purposes, it will rely entirely upon voluntary contributions from members or others interested in the object for such funds as may be necessary to pay for its publications and other necessary expenses.

Article 7.—The executive committee shall consist of the general executive officers and 12 other members, one from each congressional district, to be elected by the members of the league. The majority of the executive officers and five other members of the executive committee shall constitute a quorum to transact business.

Article 8.—The executive committee shall have control of the affairs of the league when the general board is not in session, but shall incur no debts, and there shall be no personal liability on the part of the officers or members of the league for league debts.

Article 9.—Meetings may be held at such points in the state as may be named by the executive committee from time to time.

Article 10.—This constitution may be amended at any meeting of the league. At all meetings of the league 20 members shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business, and a vote of a majority of those present shall govern. By laws and other rules may be adopted from time to time as found convenient.—Courier.

"Laugh And Grow Fat,"

Providing, of course, that you have something good to eat, which you can always get at

FREEMAN'S.

This Week:

Fancy Jersey sweet potatoes, elegant steam cooked hominy, graded Maine state corn, sifted early June peas, golden wax beans, delicious stringless beans, cream succotash, French red kidney beans, cold pack tomatoes, pure tomato catsup.

Fruits.

Highland budded navel oranges, choice Valencia oranges, large yellow bananas, fancy layer figs, Messina wax lemons, fancy evaporated peaches, large California prunes, cleaned Sultana raisins.

Meats.

Choice honey cured hams, finest breakfast bacon, choicest dried beef knuckles pulled from extra heavy beeves, and the finest cure.

Cheese.

Fancy full cream Herkimer county cheese, Michigan full cream cheese.

Butter and eggs wanted. Eggs and butter to sell.

TEAS AND COFFEES—Warranted to give satisfaction.

We want your trade.

FREEMAN.

Dr. W. A. CONLAN
DENTIST.

Office Over Glazier's Drug Store,
CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

G. W. Palmer,
PHYSICIAN

AND

SURGEON.

Office over Kempf's new bank, Chelsea.

H. W. SCHMIDT,
Physician & Surgeon.

SPECIALTIES:—Diseases of the

Nose, Throat, Eye and Ear.

OFFICE HOURS:—10 to 12 and

2 to 5. 17

Operative, Prosthetic and Ceramic Dentistry in all their branches. Teeth examined and advice given free. Special attention given to children's teeth: Nitrous oxide and Local Anesthetic used in extracting. Permanently located.

H. H. AVERY, D. D. S.

Office over Kempf Bro's Bank.

WM. S. HAMILTON,

Veterinary Surgeon,

Supplies Conditioning Powders for animals debilitated by disease or overwork. Special attention given to Lameness and Horse Dentistry. Mouths examined free. Office and Residence on Park Street across from Methodist church, Chelsea, Mich.

N. E. FREER,
Attorney at Law and Notary Public.

All legal business given prompt attention.

Office in the Turnbull & Wilkinson Building, Chelsea, Mich.

F. & A. M.

Regular meetings of Olive Lodge, No. 156, F. & A. M., for 1896: Jan. 28; Feb. 25; Mar. 24; April 21; May 26; June 23; July 21; Aug. 18; Sept. 15; Oct. 20; Nov. 17; annual meeting and election of officers Dec. 15. J. D. SCHNAITMAN, Sec.

H. S. HOLMES MERCANTILE COMPANY.

Clothing Department.

WE HAVE:

The best working glove to be found at 25 and 50 cents. Mule skin mittens 25 cents.

Better gloves in horse hides, Mochas and kid, every pair warranted at \$1.00.

The best half hose in black at 15 cents, two pair for 25 cents, to be found in the market. Four pair of good socks for 25 cents.

Colored shirts, collars, cuffs, etc., correct styles, at popular prices.

New line of "King Pants" just received.

H. S. HOLMES MERCANTILE CO.

We sell the Butterick patterns, by far the best patterns to use.

Our Bread Rises To Explain

That absolute cleanliness attends its every condition from the setting of the sponge to the wrapping for delivery. That is a point we insist upon; can you appreciate it? The same care—which after all is only honesty—is given to our

Pastries Cake and Confections

Resulting in purity and wholesomeness in all our productions.

NECKEL BROS

REG. E. DAVIS,

Everybody's Auctioneer.

Headquarters at HERALD OFFICE.

Auction Bills furnished Free.



READY ON TIME



Couldn't have been so without an accurate time-piece.

Whether it is a clock, watch or piece of jewelry you want, you can be sure of its reliability if you buy from us.

L. & A. E. WINANS, Chelsea.

FIRE! FIRE!!

If you want insurance call on Bert & Crowell. We represent companies whose gross assets amount to the sum of \$45,000,000.

TAKE THE BEST COUGH CURE SHILOH'S CURE

SOLD BY B. ARMSTRONG & CO.

It cures Croup, the great Blood purifier, gives freshness and clearness to complexion and cures Constipation, and \$1.00. Sold by Armstrong

Washington Letter.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 20, 1896.—The Senate is delaying final action upon the Cuban resolutions is, of course, not doing so to please the Spanish lobbyists, but all the same it is pleasing them, and probably enabling them to make their Spanish employers think they are earning their money. The Senate Committee on Foreign Relations sat down hard upon the proposition to send the Cuban resolutions back to conference by directing Senator Sherman to get a vote upon them as soon as possible. How soon that will be depends upon how many more Senators want to make speeches on the subject. Senator Vest made the hit of the week in a semi-humorous speech in favor of Senator Cannon's resolution directing Secretary Smith to carry out the law by opening the 2,000,000 acres comprised in the Uncompahgre Indian reservation, in Utah, to the public. He started out by calling attention to the administration's disposition to misunderstand the western people, and threw the entire Senate into laughter by the following reference to President Cleveland's speech at the New York Home Missionary meeting: "Our President stood with Dr. Talmage on one side and the Rev. Sheldon Jackson on the other, and gave us a new version of that blessed old missionary hymn which we have heard so often in our childhood: "From Montana's sinful mountain, From Utah's wicked plains, They call us to deliver Our land from Error's chains."

As was expected, the House made the resolution censuring Ambassador Bayard the basis for a partisan discussion. According to the present program, President Cleveland will shortly extend the civil service rules so as to cover about every employee of the federal government outside of members of the cabinet and the judiciary. If done, the administration which will come into power next March would have practically no patronage to distribute. This doesn't strike the politicians favorably. In fact, it doesn't strike anybody, outside of the present office-holders and those who are dependent upon them, very favorably. While there never was any sense in a wholesale change in the small fry officials of the government every time there was a change of administration, it squares with both common sense and good business ideas to have those filling executive positions in political sympathy with the administration. If President Cleveland makes the proposed blanket extension of the civil service rules, it will be the first step towards the total abolition of those rules by his successor.

The fact is not likely to be overlooked by foreign nations that the naval appropriation bill for the fiscal year beginning July 1 next, which was this week agreed upon by the House Committee on Naval Affairs, carries more money for the increase of our navy than has been carried in a single bill since the war. The building of four battle ships and fifteen torpedo boats are provided for in the bill. The new boats are to be built by contract, and to meet any emergency that may arise for hurrying them the Secretary of the Navy is authorized to spend as much of the total appropriation as in his judgment may be necessary during the coming fiscal year. Representatives of nearly all the railway labor organizations were given hearings by the House Labor Committee this week. They all spoke in favor of the bill of Senator Voorhees, giving any railway employee who is arrested for contempt of court the right to appeal to any other court and to a trial by jury; also the bill introduced by Representative Erdman, of Pennsylvania, providing for a national board of arbitration to settle disputes between railways and their employees, and Representative Phillips' bill to create a national non-partisan board to look after the interests of employers and employees and make recommendations for their mutual benefit.

The giving of a dinner and reception in honor of Secretary and Mrs. Olney, by the British ambassador this week, was something very unusual for Lent, and the presence as guests of the Venezuelas minister and Sir Stafford Northcote, M. P., who was formerly Lord Salisbury's private secretary, naturally resulted in originating lots of gossip connecting the affair with the Venezuelan question. In order to quiet the gossip it was given out that the entertainment was the regular annual dinner and reception always given by the ambassador in honor of the Secretary of State and his wife, and which was not given this year at the usual time because the embassy was then in mourning on account of the death of Prince Battenberg.

The report that Senator Pugh and Hon. Don M. Dickinson, ex-Postmaster General, had a row because the former spoke slightly of the President was not true. The men did exchange hard words, but

the only cause was that the latter was under the influence of something which made him forget the proper manners of a gentleman. The incident occurred in the dining room of a well-known restaurant and was all over in two minutes. It began through Representative McWilliam, of Tennessee, offering to introduce the two men, who, strange to say, didn't know each other.

Notice.

If the young men who style themselves gentlemen do not desist from sliming the sidewalks with their expectorations and spitting out at ladies as they pass, and who have no respect for themselves or others, the next time it happens they will have an opportunity to explain themselves in the police court. W. F. HATCH.

Mice as Bait for Fish.

An old fisherman who has caught tons of black bass and brook trout was seen to go into a hardware store on Third avenue a few days ago and buy a mouse trap that captured the animals alive. On being asked if his house had been invaded by mice, he said:

"No, but I hope it will be, because I have to lay in a supply of bait."

The fisherman has begun to capture mice about this time of the year for years back, and, keeping them alive in a cage till the fishing season arrived, has taken them to the fishing region. He finds that often, when all other lures fail, the live mouse captures the big fish. Last summer he got a 4-pound-3-ounce trout in an Adirondack stream and a 6-pound-5-ounce black bass in a Minnesota lake with these mice, which he finds are easily taken care of, requiring little attention. They will feed on almost anything. The cage he uses is large and airy, with sundry contrivances for the animals to exercise on. It is cleaned once a week, the mice being driven at such times into one of the two equal compartments.—Ex.

A New Dessert.

A choice new dinner dessert to be used as a substitute for ice cream is made in this way: Whip a pint of cream to a froth and color with vegetable coloring either a very pale green or rose color. Soak a fourth of a box of gelatine in a quarter of a cup of cold water until soft, then set it in hot water until it dissolves. Stir three ounces of powdered sugar into the whipped cream, so lightly that you do not break the froth. Then strain in the gelatine and mix thoroughly but very lightly. When the mixture begins to thicken, season gradually with four table-spoonfuls of sherry and one-half to a teaspoonful of vanilla. Add half a cupful of blanched almonds chopped very fine. Pour into small cups or punch glasses ready for serving, and serve very cold. If a more elegant dish is desired, garnish the top of each cup with candied fruits or flowers in very small quantities.—Ex.

Free Pills.

Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action and are particularly effective in the cure of Constipation and Sick Headache. For Malaria and Liver troubles they have proved invaluable. They are guaranteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25c per box. Sold by F. P. Glazier, Druggist.

Figs and Thistles.

Good fortune does not always ride in a gold-mounted carriage.

To live without prayer is to live a half-hearted and one-sided life.

God has never tried to make a man who could please everybody else.

When the heart is full of compassion there is not room for prejudice.

"Resist not evil with evil," was meant for nations as much as for men.

The man who fears the light is kept tired by running from a shadow.

The yoke of Christ is easy, only when it is worn every day in the week.

The more God gives us to do, the more need there is that we should pray.

We owe a debt of gratitude to every one in the world who needs our love.

"Success is the reward of merit," not of assumption. Popular appreciation is what tells in the long run. For fifty years people have been using Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and to-day it is the blood purifier most in favor with the public. Ayer's Sarsaparilla cures.

J. W. Beissel

Offers this week new goods in the line of

Canned Fish, Canned Fruits, Canned Vegetables.

Instead of buying in large quantities and as a result have a lot of old shelf-worn goods on hand, we buy in small quantities and always have fresh goods to offer you.

Fresh new canned peas, corn, succotash, beans, etc.; in fact a complete line of strictly fresh goods in this line.

Canned Fish.

A complete assortment of canned fish, including:

Sardines in oil. Sardines in mustard. Sardines in tomato sauce. Sardines in English spice. Salmon in size can you wish.

Try those salmon cutlets; they are immense.

When you want canned fish remember we keep the assortment.

When you want fresh, clean, palatable goods of extra quality, always in nice clean shape, go to

J. W. Beissel.

P. S.—Wanted at once, 5,000 dozen eggs.

Ladies

If your dealer hasn't it, send \$1.25 to us

WE WILL SEND YOU POSTPAID

The "Gresco"

It cannot break at the Side or Waist Color: GRAY or WHITE

LONG, SHORT and MEDIUM LENGTH

THE MICHIGAN CORSET CO., JACKSON, MICH.



Scientific American Agency for PATENTS. CAVEATS, TRADE MARKS, DESIGN PATENTS, COPYRIGHTS, etc. For information and free Handbook write to MUNN & CO., 361 Broadway, New York. Oldest bureau for securing patents in America. Every patent taken out by us is brought before the public by a notice given free of charge in the Scientific American. Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Specimens furnished. No intelligence man should be without it. Weekly, \$5.00 a year; \$1.00 six months. Address MUNN & CO., Publishers, 361 Broadway, New York City.

Real Estate for Sale.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss.: In the matter of the estate of Bridget Mullen, deceased: Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of an order granted to the undersigned, James P. Wood, administrator of the estate of said deceased, by the Hon. Judge of Probate for the County of Washtenaw, on the tenth day of March, A. D. 1896, there will be sold at Public Vendue, to the highest bidder, at the front door of the dwelling house, upon the premises hereinafter described, in the Village of Chelsea, in the County of Washtenaw, in said State, on Monday, the fourth day of May, A. D. 1896, at one o'clock in the afternoon of that day (subject to all encumbrances by mortgage or otherwise existing at the time of the death of said deceased), the following described real estate, to-wit: All that certain piece or parcel of land situate in the Village of Chelsea, County of Washtenaw, State of Michigan, known and described as follows, viz: Lot No. seventeen (17) of block seventeen (17), according to the recorded plat of Milla C. Gordon's third addition to the Village of Chelsea, Washtenaw County, Michigan.

Dated March 18th, 1896. JAMES P. WOOD, Administrator of the Estate of Bridget Mullen, deceased.

If you want some good sound reading you can get the following: Century, Frank Leslie's, Review of Reviews, Munsey's, Godley's, Metropolitan, Cosmopolitan, Ladies' Home Journal, and other periodicals. Now for sale by A. E. Winans. Subscriptions taken for all magazines and newspapers.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

All communications for this paper should be addressed to the editor, and should be sent to the office of the paper, not to the printer. The editor is not responsible for the return of communications, but will return them if they are accompanied by a return address. The editor is not responsible for the return of communications, but will return them if they are accompanied by a return address.

When the vessels now being built are completed the United States will have a navy of 45, vessels ranging in size from 11,300 to 120 tons displacement.

To amuse his musically inclined children, William Hassan, a blacksmith of Emporia, Tex., has made a wrought iron frame, over which he strings his luxuriant whiskers, and waits for the wind to blow. In a half gale it is said that the melody produced by the hissing harp of his face is harmonious and pleasing.

A PROFESSIONAL man in New London, Ct., has invented an apparatus to convey light under water—a submarine illuminator. The rays of the electric light with this idea can be made to light up the submarine recesses to any depth necessary for practical purposes. The idea has been tested on a small scale and worked well before some electricians in town.

A FEW weeks ago the pope inherited another large fortune, that of the late Commendatore Tongiorgi, the last minister of finance under the papal government. In Italy, as well as abroad, these inheritances of Leo XIII. have increased a great deal in late years, and in the 18 years of his pontificate the present pope has perhaps surpassed any of his predecessors.

In a biographical sketch of her father, the poet, in the current number of the Cambridge Magazine, Miss Alice Longfellow says that an unpaid bill weighed on him like a nightmare. He was so reserved and talked so little about himself that sometimes a volume of his verses would appear in print without his family even knowing that it was in course of preparation.

THE Greek language has changed least. Anyone who wishes to satisfy himself of the truth of this statement need only take down four authors, Herodotus, Plutarch, Anna Comnena and Triphilo. He will find, if he can translate one that he can translate the others, and this though they wrote respectively 450 years before Christ, and 70, 1110 and 1860 years after.

THERE are but two European potentates who manage to get along without change of residence. These are the pope of Rome and the sultan of Turkey. The sultan has never left Constantinople since he ascended the throne in such tragic circumstances 19 years ago, and his holiness has remained within the precincts of the Vatican since the triple tiara was placed upon his head.

OLIVE growers in California are making money. Never before have so many nurseries been planted and one Pomona nurseryman has sold 200,000 trees during the season. It is said the demand for California olives exceeds the supply, although they are little known this side of the Mississippi. The growers hope to introduce them in the eastern markets to compete with the imported olives from the south of Europe.

In the West India islands and in South America grows a tree whose fruit makes an excellent lather and is used to wash clothes. The bark of the tree which grows in Peru, and of another which grows in the Malay islands, yields a fine soap. The common soapwort, which is indigenous to England and is found nearly everywhere in Europe, is so full of saponine that simply rubbing the leaves together in water produces a soapy lather.

THE will of the late Gen. William Moffat Reilly, of Philadelphia, directs that a sum be set apart from his estate for the erection in front of Independence hall in Philadelphia of bronze statues of Lafayette, Montgomery, Pakenham, and Stenben, in recognition of their services in the American revolutionary war. In addition the will directs that statues of Gen. Wayne, Greene, Sumpter and Morgan and Capt. Paul Jones be erected in Independence square.

THE Marquis Di Rudini, Italy's new premier, was born in Sicily 60 years ago. His name first became known throughout Italy through his defense as mayor of the Palace of Palermo, when the city was sacked by a mob that ruled for five days. He led the sorties on the rabble himself, and displayed such intrepidity and good judgment that he forced the rioters to retire and disband, when he soon restored order. His subsequent magnanimous treatment of all the malcontents except the ring-leaders added to his popularity.

GEORGIA has more colored people than any other state in the union. In her total population, of 1,837,853, no less than 858,815 were colored. Mississippi had a colored population of 742,559 in 1890 in a total of 1,289,600. South Carolina's total population was 1,151,149, her colored population 688,934; much more than one-half the entire population. In the whole state of Maine there were but 1,823 colored people in a total population of 661,086. New Hampshire had but 690 colored people, Vermont 1,004 and North Dakota but 596.

CUBANS GET AWAY.

Gen. Calixto Garcia Goes to Fight the Spanish.

Arms and Ammunition Go with Him—Clever Scheme Succeeds—How the Agents of the Spanish Government Were Outwitted.

SOMERS POINT, N. J., March 19.—After three failures, Gen. Calixto Garcia is at last upon his way to Cuba to fight against the Spaniards. Together with 62 of his countrymen he was put aboard the steamship Bermuda off here Wednesday morning by a little passenger steamer from Atlantic City. The entire scheme was cleverly worked out and the agents of the Spanish government are said to have been badly taken in. It is now known that the members of the expedition left Philadelphia in a rather open manner on Sunday night in a tug. To all intents and purposes it was proclaimed from the housetops that their destination was the Delaware breakwater, and that it was from off there that a steamer would be boarded for Cuba. It is presumed that the Spanish officials had the tug followed when it left Philadelphia.

The Cubans went upon this presumption at least, and during a fog on Monday afternoon their tug doubled and turned up the Delaware bay and river to Camden, arriving there Monday evening. The party at once boarded a special train, which landed them at Tuckahoe. The Cubans boarded the steamboat Atlantic City, which was lying waiting for them. The Atlantic City is used for summer traffic at the seashore resort of that name. It has been out of commission for several months. On Monday last the Atlantic City took out papers of inspection from the custom house for the purpose, as supposed by the customs officials, of putting her in temporary commission, as it was known some parties had been negotiating to purchase her. The Atlantic City left Tuckahoe at six o'clock Tuesday morning and steamed to Ocean City, where she lay all night.

While the Atlantic City was at Tuckahoe, and Ocean City, none of the Cubans was visible on deck, but Wednesday morning when the whistle of the Bermuda attracted people along the coast, the concealed men came on deck and gave cheer after cheer as the Atlantic City started out to meet the arms-laden steamer. Beyond the three-mile limit the transfer of the Cubans to the Bermuda took place and the steamer then proceeded on her way. The custom house officials were caught napping and could do nothing to hinder the transfer of the men. They at once, however, communicated with the authorities at Washington.

Another Successful Expedition. Jacksonville, Fla., March 19.—A special to the Times-Union from Key West, Fla., says: The steamer Three Friends, of Jacksonville, in command of Capt. Napoleon B. Broward, arrived here at noon Wednesday, having succeeded in landing in Cuba Gen. Enrique Collazo, Maj. Charles Hernandez and Duke Estrada, besides 54 men taken off the schooner Ardel, from Tampa, and the entire cargo of arms and ammunition of the schooner Mallory, from Cedar Keys. It was by long odds the most important expedition that has set out from this country, and the Cubans here, when they learned that the Three Friends had safely fulfilled her mission, shouted "Viva la Cuba!" until they were hoarse.

They declared that it would change the character of the whole war as the unarmed men would now be armed and those without ammunition would be supplied, and that Maceo, who had before been wary and cautious would be more aggressive than he had ever been before. The cargo of arms landed by the Three Friends and Mallory was as follows: Seven hundred and fifty thousand rounds of cartridges, 1,200 rifles, 2,100 machetes, 400 revolvers, besides stores, reloading tools, etc.

An Unfounded Report. Washington, March 20.—Gen. Weyler, in charge of the Spanish military forces in Cuba, has telegraphed to Minister De Lome that he has no intention of resigning, as has been reported. The general has telegraphed a similar statement to his home government and has added that, on the contrary, he is satisfied with the progress of military affairs in Cuba.

The Trans-Mississippi Exposition. Omaha, Neb., March 19.—Acting under instructions of the city council, Mayor Broatch is sending letters to 600 mayors of cities in the trans-Mississippi valley, asking them to present the letter to the councils of their respective municipalities urging the adoption of resolutions favoring the exposition that is to be held in Omaha during the summer and fall of 1898. The resolutions, after being adopted, will be forwarded to the senators and representatives in congress.

Powder Works Explode. Kingston, N. Y., March 19.—The Lafin & Rand powder works at Rifton exploded shortly after 11 o'clock Wednesday. The upper granizer first exploded, setting off the dry house and wrecking the corning mill, engine house and lower granizer. Five men were killed and an unknown number hurt. The names of the killed are: Jones, Smalley, Peterson, and Two men named Decker.

WILL BE IGNORED.

State Department Will Not Notify Bayard of Action of the House.

Washington, March 23.—Secretary Olney and state department officials decline to converse as to the probable outcome of the passage of the resolutions censuring Ambassador Bayard, except to say that Mr. Bayard will not be officially informed by the department that the resolutions were adopted. In regard to Mr. Bayard's reported tender of his resignation, conditioned on the adoption of the resolutions of censure, it is said that Mr. Bayard intended taking the action indicated, but that he never fully carried out the idea by placing his resignation in the hands of the president. If the resolutions had not been adopted by a vote so closely allied to party lines, it is likely that Mr. Bayard would have considered seriously the expediency of tendering his resignation, but the fact that five republicans were opposed to the censure, while only six democratic votes were cast in its favor, is considered among friends of Mr. Bayard here to be an additional reason why both he and the president should ignore the entire incident.

London, March 23.—Hon. Thomas F. Bayard, United States ambassador, had not received official notification of the vote of censure passed upon him by the United States house of representatives when seen by a reporter Saturday morning. It is understood that Mr. Bayard will take no notice of the matter, but will wait and see what action, if any, the president takes on it.

The Globe admits that Mr. Bayard did not keep a degree of restraint upon his tongue befitting an ambassador, but it says the sharp and sweeping censure of the house of representatives was clearly the outcome of party spite and need not disturb Mr. Bayard's mental composure.

SALISBURY FOR PEACE.

Announces That Proposals Have Been Made to Arbitrate Venezuela Dispute.

London, March 23.—Lord Salisbury has sent a reply to the memorial in favor of Anglo-American arbitration of the Venezuelan question adopted by the Peace society at a meeting in Queen's hall. The reply is addressed to Rt. Hon. James Stansfield, ex-member of parliament, who presided at the meeting. Lord Salisbury says:

"I am glad to be able to inform you that this question is receiving the consideration of the government and that proposals in the direction indicated by the memorial are now before the government of the United States."

The Daily News (liberal) has an editorial on Lord Salisbury's reply to the memorial of the Peace association for arbitration of the Venezuelan dispute, in which it says:

"Lord Salisbury's letter is the most hopeful word we have had for a long time from the premier. We hope that it portends a definite clearing of the international situation in one of the stormiest quarters. We may even dream that it will presage a new and brighter era in the world's history. It is not perfectly clear whether the question has been advanced a stage or whether the government has merely confirmed and adopted Lord Rosebery's policy. If Lord Salisbury is able to convert his words into deeds he will go far to make his present term of office illustrious and beneficent."

The Chronicle, also liberal, echoes the Daily News' hopes that the United States will reciprocate our good will. "If so," the Chronicle adds, "there is no need to trouble ourselves further about Venezuela."

THE NEW FLAG.

Official Order Relative to Arrangement of the Stars.

Chicago, March 23.—An official order has been received at army headquarters in Chicago directing how the stars in the field of the national flag shall be arranged after July 4, 1898. The order and the placing of the stars in the union are as follows:

War Department, Washington, March 23.—The field or union of the national flag in use in the army will on and after July 4, 1898, consist of 45 stars, in six rows, the first, third and fifth rows to have eight stars, and the second, fourth and sixth rows seven stars each, in a blue field, arranged as follows:

DANIEL S. LAMONT, Secretary of War. By command of Maj. Gen. Miles: GEORGE D. RUGLES, Adjutant General.

GAVE UP THEIR JEWELS.

Chicago Women Make Sacrifices at a Church Collection.

Chicago, March 23.—There was excitement in Willard hall Sunday morning. Bible days were recalled as women took jewels from their fingers, ears and throats and placed them in the contribution plate. This exhibition of zeal for the Militant church came as a response to a call for money to aid the church in securing larger quarters. The people responded liberally. When their money was exhausted they gave articles of jewelry. The contribution plates, when placed near the pulpit, presented an unusual appearance. The jewels almost covered the money, and the entire contribution proved sufficient to warrant the church in renting one of the larger theaters as soon as arrangements can be made.

A SERIOUS RIOT.

Union and Nonunion Workmen and Policemen Fight.

Labor Disturbance in Indianapolis—A Conflict in Which Three Men Are Shot and Others Injured by Stones, Etc.

Indianapolis, Ind., March 23.—A riot broke out Saturday night between the nonunion men employed in the iron works of Chandler & Taylor and a number of strikers and their sympathizers. William Watson, Walker Davis and Hook Lee were shot, Davis fatally, and several other men were more or less injured with flying stones and bricks. The trouble originated over the fact that a number of nonunion men are employed in the works, taking places of members of the union. A number of fights have occurred at different times, and the workmen were constantly under police guard.

Saturday night the officers started to take them to their home, when they were set upon by a mob. It is estimated that no less than 3,000 persons were in the neighborhood at the time, many of them taking part in the fight. The nonunion men opened fire after they had been pelted with bricks and stones. The fire was returned by the strikers. The men shot were all bystanders, and had nothing whatever to do with the trouble. One policeman was seriously injured by being struck with a brick. A number of arrests were made.

Eight arrests of persons engaged in the riot have been made. James Pudue, J. B. Blanchfield and Joseph Hartliff are charged with shooting with intent to kill and William Perkins and S. F. Jolic with drawing deadly weapons and inciting riot. These are all non-union men. Henry Miller, William Barcus and Thomas Long, unionists, are under arrest for inciting riot.

The riot has been followed by intense excitement among the laboring classes of this city, and during Sunday large crowds assembled around the works and discussed the situation. As there were several nonunion men in the foundry who were recently brought here by the proprietors, it was feared that another outbreak would occur, and a heavy guard of police was kept around the foundry all day. Though the union molders and their sympathizers were in bad humor, no attempt was made to interfere with the men inside the works.

The strikers say they have kept up the fight against the "scabs" for more than a year, and they propose to continue it until the foundry becomes unionized; that the men who are employed in their places are mostly foreigners, and if they are made to feel that organized labor is against them and will accept no compromise they will eventually be driven out of the city.

INNER MAN.

Edison Succeeds in Viewing Him with the Naked Eye.

New York, March 23.—Mr. Edison last Friday succeeded in penetrating the human body with the naked eye, according to the New York Journal. He looked into the heart and lungs, and examined the arteries, the blood vessels and muscles of one of his assistants. Mr. Edison has, perhaps, reached the crowning glory of his life—he has opened the door which at once revolutionizes and incalculably widens the horizon of the medical world.

The great inventor has laid bare to the eye of the physician and the surgeon every organ and tissue and bone of the human body. The simplest mind can grasp what this means in the diagnosis, the treatment and the actual observation of the progress of internal diseases. It is very simple to Mr. Edison. With the powerful cathode light behind his patient, he gazes through a screen of prepared chemicals and sees every organ of the body as plainly as he sees the dishes on his dinner table.

Mr. Edison is now completing a fluorescent screen eight feet high, which will enable him to see these things from the top of one's head to the sole of his feet. The fluorescence substance used by Mr. Edison, and declared by him to be the most powerful thing of the kind discovered so far, is tungstate of calcium—in other words, tungstate of lime.

MORE NOISE IN BARCELONA.

Crowds Cheer for Spain, Weyler and Cuba at the French Consulate.

Barcelona, March 23.—A renewed manifestation of the emotional spirits of the citizens of this town was made Sunday, though no hostile demonstration was attempted against the United States consulate, as on previous occasions. As is usual on Sunday there was a promenade of light-hearted holiday-makers, and a concert by the municipal band for the enjoyment of the promenaders. Cries were raised for the playing of the national march by the band, and the crowd then proceeded in a body to the French consulate, where a deputation entered to express sentiments of friendship and esteem for France. The people here are confident in their belief that France is pledged to assist Spain in a possible conflict with the United States. A crowd of 5,000 persons outside was meanwhile excitedly cheering for Spain, Weyler and Cuba. The American consulate and the chief thoroughfares of the city were guarded by gendarmes as a precautionary measure.

GIVEN AN EQUAL SHOW.

Secretary Carlisle Says He Has Not Discriminated Against Silver.

Washington, March 18.—In response to a letter from Representative Patterson (Tenn.) asking Secretary Carlisle to state fully how he has dealt with the treasury portfolio, and whether he has, in dealing with the subject, discriminated against silver, the secretary says:

"In the operations of the treasury department during my administration of affairs, the legal tender gold and silver coins of the United States have been treated precisely alike, except that greater efforts have been made to keep silver coins in circulation rather than have been made to keep gold coins in circulation. The amount paid out by the department in silver coins and silver certificates greatly exceeds the amount paid out in gold coins and gold certificates, and in no instance has the least discrimination been made against silver or its paper representative. "In no instance has silver or silver certificates been refused in payment of debt or demand on the government, and no instance has the government refused to pay silver coins or silver certificates in discharge of its obligations when the holders of the obligations demanded or requested such payment. When United States notes or treasury notes are presented for redemption, gold is paid if it is demanded, and if silver is demanded, silver is paid. Thus the coins of the treasury are treated exactly alike in making payments by the government as well as in the discharge of debts due to the government."

"It has always been the policy of the treasury department to encourage the use of silver to the largest possible extent, and in order to accomplish this standard silver dollars will be sent by express at the expense of the government to anyone who will deposit an equivalent amount of silver certificates or treasury notes of 1890 with the United States treasurer or any assistant treasurer, or with a national bank depository, and subsidiary silver coins will be sent by express at the expense of the government to anyone who will deposit with such officers or banks any kind of United States currency or national bank notes; but gold is not sent to anybody on charge."

"In August, 1893, there was a great unusual demand in nearly every part of the country for currency of small denominations and in its attempts to supply the demand the treasury department paid out defraying the expenses of the government and in exchange for other forms of currency all the silver that could be lawfully used for these purposes, so that for a short period it was compelled to suspend payment in standard silver dollars, except the redemption of silver certificates and treasury notes of 1890."

"The law authorizing the issue of silver certificates upon deposits of silver provides that 'the coin deposited for representing the certificates shall be retained in the treasury for the payment of the same on demand.' It is therefore plain that whenever the amount of silver dollars in the treasury does not exceed the amount of silver certificates outstanding the secretary cannot, without a violation of law, pay out such silver except for the redemption of certificates. At such time he has no more right to exchange silver dollars for gold than he has to pay the out in any other manner."

"But there is also another fund in the treasury which is required by law to be held for a different purpose. It consists of the bullion and the standard silver coins coined from the bullion purchased under the act of July 14, 1890. That provides for the purchase of silver bullion at the market price and the issue of treasury notes in payment for it, and also declares that 'no greater or less amount of such notes shall be outstanding at any time than the cost of the silver bullion and the standard silver coins coined therefrom, then held in the treasury, purchased by such notes.' Under this provision, the secretary is required to keep in the treasury at all times an amount of silver bullion, at its cost price, and standard silver dollars, coined from purchased bullion, exactly equal to the amount of treasury notes outstanding; he cannot, therefore, lawfully use the standard silver dollars except for the redemption and cancellation of treasury notes."

"During the month of August, 1893, treasury notes to the amount of \$1,273,267 were redeemed in silver and cancelled, and since the 1st day of August, 1893, the amount of such notes redeemed in silver and cancelled is \$13,533,722. Prior to the administration of the affairs of the department, none of these notes had been redeemed in silver or cancelled."

"Since the beginning of this administration, nearly \$10,000,000 in gold has been procured in exchange for other forms of currency. Of this amount \$8,915,512 have been procured in exchange for silver dollars and \$10,233,330 in exchange for silver certificates. The department has never refused to exchange silver for gold when it had silver that could be lawfully used for that purpose, and it had so refused an wholly unable to see how it could be considered a discrimination against silver as a refusal to pay out gold in exchange for silver a discrimination against gold. If not, it, of course, follows that a refusal to pay out silver for gold is not a discrimination against silver."

"In response to your verbal inquiry concerning the coinage of standard silver dollars during the present administration you are advised that it amounts to a sum of \$8,000,000 up to the 15th day of month while the whole amount of \$8,000,000 coined in this country from establishment of the mint in 1792 to February, 1878, a period of 86 years, \$8,000,000. Yours truly, "J. G. CARLISLE."

England's Campaign in Egypt.

London, March 21.—In the house commons Friday Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, secretary of state for the colonies, in a speech outlined the policy of England on the Nile. France's wishes the matter are to be ignored. He declared that Kassala must be secured as its fall or further defeats of Italy would be disastrous. Egypt, he said, could have no security until Khartoum had been recovered, and he declared the time had not yet come to fulfill the pledges of evacuation made to the Egyptians.

Coronation of the Czar.

St. Petersburg, March 20.—The ceremony of the coronation of the czar has been finally fixed for May 26. The coronation programme has been published. The czar and zarina will make a triumphal entry into Moscow on May 26 and will leave that city on June 7. Interim will be filled with ceremonial religious services, receptions, fetes and reviews. The preparations for the event are on the most lavish scale.

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DEBS TALKS IN CHURCH.
where Christ Would Be with the Toller
We're He on Earth.
Terre Haute, Ind., March 23.—It was a
large congregation in the First Baptist
church that heard Eugene V. Debs
last night tell what he thought the
church could do for the uplifting of the
people. Hundreds were unable to
admission. Everyone in Terre
Haute has heard Debs speak in public,
but no one had expected to hear him in
church, because it was well known
that he is not a believer in the Christian
religion.
Rev. Dr. Holmes, in introducing Mr.
Debs, said that when Debs returned to
his home after the Great Northern
strike in 1894, he (Holmes) went to the
public meeting given in reception of
him, and he was a long-headed
man, but he had a big heart. He had not had
time to change his estimate, and he
was glad to be the first minister in the
city of Debs' nativity to ask him to
speak from a pulpit.
Mr. Debs said that too many pillars of
the church looked upon labor as a com-
modity and were lacking in that spirit
of brotherhood of man which should
characterize those who believe in the
Christian religion. He spoke of the in-
creasing numbers of the unemployed
who were becoming tramps, and said
that the church should be the first to
open its doors to these unfortunate fellow
mortals. The church as a church has done
nothing for this class of people, but is
against them as exiles, when as
matter of fact they were fellow mor-
tals who deserve the attention of the
church. The Christ of the Christian
would be with the laboring man and not
with the rich supporters of the
churches if He were on earth to-day.
The debauching of legislatures by
large corporations, he thought, could be
checked from the pulpit, and the de-
basement of the courts was for the
church to consider. If the golden rule was
kept up to by church members the
question would be solved in 24
hours. He did not take a gloomy view
of the situation. He believed the fact
that the church is beginning to consider
these questions is a harbinger of bet-
ter things. He believed the brother-
hood of man would be the accepted doc-
trine of man yet.

MISS BOOTH IN CHICAGO.
Chicago, March 23.—Eva Booth, acting
commander of the Salvation Army
in the United States, Commissioner
Carleton and Adj. Caroline Dease, Miss
Booth's secretary, arrived in Chicago
from New York Saturday and were
received at the depot by a large dele-
gation of division officers and privates.
Miss Booth is here to test the senti-
ment of the Northwestern army officers
in regard to joining the Ballington
Booth organization. There is ac-
cnowledged to be a strong secession
feeling here even by Brigadier Fielding,
commander of the division, who was
over to the loyal standard.
Miss Booth delivered three speeches
during an hour's duration each at
army headquarters. In her afternoon
address only was any mention made of
the discord in army ranks. She said
that she had been asked to make a
statement, but had nothing to add to
what had already been said by her
father, Gen. Booth. Over 20 command-
ing officers, she said, were transferred
at the time that of Ballington Booth
was ordered. Of this number five were
of the Booth family, and she was one of
the five. The transfers were made only
in accordance with the policy of the
army, that no commander remain in
any one territory over five years at a
time.

BAD FIRE IN MICHIGAN.
Business Portion of Berrien Springs
Burned—Loss, \$25,000.
Berrien Springs, Mich., March 23.—
The business portion of this village was
burned Sunday. The fire was discov-
ered in the rear room of a vacant build-
ing and must have been set, as there
was no fire near. Seven buildings, in-
cluding the post office, were burned.
They were owned and occupied by Frank
N. J. Davis, Jacob Lane, D. H.
Sergeant, A. D. Stowe and Zerby & Son.
The building owned by Tash was the
only one insured. The loss on buildings
and stocks is \$25,000, with \$1,500 insur-

More Armenians Killed.
Constantinople, March 23.—An of-
ficial report states that a serious dis-
turbance between Mussulmans and Ar-
menians occurred on Thursday last at
Silah, in the vilayet of Aleppo. The
Armenians were attacked by a mob and
wounded by an Armenian firing
party. This started a riot, in which eight
Armenians were killed and four wound-
ed. Four Mussulmans were also wound-
ed. The persons who started the
trouble were arrested.

Dervishes Defeated.
Manowah, March 23.—A force of 600
dervishes attacked Sabderat pass on
March 8. It was defended by 80 native
troops, and the enemy was defeated
and fled, leaving 41 killed. The Italian
army was three killed. March 18-1,500
dervishes renewed the attack, but they
were repulsed four times with heavy
loss. Three thousand dervishes are
threatening the pass, and reinforce-
ments have been dispatched from Kas-

SILVER AND PROTECTION.
Eastern Manufacturers and Western Sen-
ators Hold Important Conference.
Washington, March 20.—At the Hotel
Page an important conference was held
Thursday night between the silver re-
publican senators who voted against
the consideration of the tariff bill in
the senate and a large number of rep-
resentative manufacturers of Philadel-
phia who favor the linking together
of protection and bimetalism. The
authoritative statement issued by the
conference after its secret session is
looked upon by politicians as the first
note of warning on the part of the
republican senators from western states
against the adoption of a single gold
standard plank in the St. Louis plat-
form. The conference was the result
of correspondence between Mr. Wil-
liam Wilhelm, a prominent attorney of
Pottsville, Pa., and the sextette of sil-
ver senators (Messrs. Teller, Dubois,
Mantle, Carter, Cannon and Jones). Mr.
Wilhelm, on behalf of Messrs. James
Dobson, Charles Herbert Clarke and H.
E. Defenderfer, and others, asked for a
conference with the senators relative
to the present depression and the rem-
edy for existing financial and industrial
troubles. The request was granted in a
letter signed by all of the senators
named.
All of the above senators were pres-
ent at the conference held Thursday
night, as were also Congressman Hart-
man, of Montana; Allen, of Utah, and
Wilson, of Idaho, and also the follow-
ing-named representatives of manufac-
turing interests:
James Dobson, manufacturer of carpets;
George Campbell, woollens; James Pollock,
carpets; S. B. Vreeman, lumber; Frank
Caven, silk; C. H. Hardy, yarns; George
W. Elkins, street railways; Alex. Crow,
carpets; Henry A. Frye, groceries; Henry
Holmes, carpets; R. W. Scott, knit goods;
James Brown, woollens; Howland Croft,
worsted; Charles M. McLeod, yarns;
James Defenderfer, yarns; John Fiesler,
wire; Robert Dawson, carpets; Robert
W. Scott, knit goods; Charles H. Clarke,
surgical appliances; Theodore R. Miller,
upholstery; Richard Campion, yarns;
Joseph Bromley, rugs; Joseph R. James,
woollens; Joseph Foster, dyers; James Phil-
lips, worsteds; C. D. Firestone, buggies,
and R. E. Defenderfer, electrical appli-
ances.
The conference organized by choos-
ing Senator Dubois as chairman and
Mr. Wilhelm, of Pennsylvania, secre-
tary. For three hours, and a half, be-
hind closed doors, the conference pro-
ceeded, involving the uniting of bimetal-
ism and protection as a national issue.
Remarks were made by Senators Teller,
Jones, of Nevada; Carter, Mantle, and
Cannon. President Dornan, of the
Manufacturers' Club of Philadelphia,
expressed the opinion that tariff duties
could not be made high enough to pro-
tect our manufacturers, if our country
remained on a gold basis.
Mr. James Dobson, the great carpet
manufacturer, came out unqualifiedly
for free coinage by international agree-
ment if possible, otherwise by inde-
pendent action. He believed that inde-
pendent action would induce interna-
tional action. Free coinage might create
temporary disturbances, but it was the
quickest way to perform relief to mills
all over the country which were suffer-
ing. Henry A. Frye, of Philadel-
phia, said that the sooner that we took
independent action for bimetalism the
better it would be. He declared for
protection and bimetalism.
The senators present defined their
position in such manner as to make it
plain to the manufacturers that there
could be no protective tariff legislation
either at this session of congress or
the next without the rehabilitation of
silver or bimetalism, and protection
constituted an indivisible issue before
the country. Some of the manufactur-
ers themselves indorsed the position as
being the logic of the country's neces-
sities and political conditions.

ANARCHY IN COREA.
Executive Unable to Deal with the Situa-
tion—Massacre of Japs.
San Francisco, March 20.—Mail ad-
vices of 3d inst. from Tokio say that
11 peaceful Japanese subjects, includ-
ing one woman, have been foully mur-
dered by Korean rioters since the coup
d'etat of February 11. The Tokio gov-
ernment is showing resolute patience
in the presence of the outrages. It
appreciates the inability of the Korean
executive to deal with the anarchy
now prevailing in the peninsula and re-
frains from preferring demands that
must tend only to precipitate a more
acute crisis.
An instance of the strange fearless-
ness of the Japanese was furnished
during the disturbances in Seoul on
the 11th of February. While an in-
furiated mob was savagely mutilating
the naked corpses of the two cabinet
ministers assassinated by the police,
a solitary Japanese interfered and en-
deavored to save the bodies from fur-
ther indignity. He was immediately
stoned and clubbed to death.

Big Nicaraguan Battle.
Managua, March 18, via Galveston,
Tex.—The city of Metapa was taken
Tuesday by storm after two days' hard
fighting. The capture was attended
with terrible slaughter, news from the
scene placing the number of killed and
wounded as high as 1,000 men. Metapa
is situated in the midst of high moun-
tains in the Sentral department
and is not very far from the frontier of
Honduras. It was considered the
stronghold of the rebels and was relied
upon by the insurgents to fall back
upon as a last resort.

Homeowner's Excursions to Kansas and Nebraska.
On April 7th, 21st and May 6th, 1890,
Homeowner's Excursions will be run from
Missouri River points, and territory West
of Chicago, Peoria and St. Louis, to stations
in Kansas and Nebraska, at one fare, plus
\$.00, for the round trip. All who should
take advantage of the cheap rates and in-
spect the most productive corn lands in the
United States, which are for sale, by the
Union Pacific Railway Company, at from
\$.25 to \$10.00 per acre, on ten years' time,
only 1-10 down.
Remember that the Kansas corn crop for
1889, with 8,000,000 acres in cultivation,
yielded over 201,000,000 bushels, the esti-
mated value of which is over \$46,000,000, be-
ing \$7,000,000 more than annual output of
gold in the United States.
Those taking advantage of the excursions,
should take receipts for all railroad fare,
and the portion paid over Union Pacific
lines, will be refunded upon purchase of
820 acres. Information regarding rates
can be ascertained from the nearest railroad
agent.
Form and pamphlets descriptive of the
lands, write to B. A. McALLISTER, Land
Commissioner, Omaha, Neb.
Old Maid—"Is this the newspaper office?"
Clerk—"Yes, ma'am." Old Maid (blush-
ingly)—"I see the mayor has advertised for
proposals, and I would like to advertise,
too."—Philadelphia Record.
The well known firm of newspaper ad-
vertising agents, Alden & Faxon, Cincin-
nati, Ohio, will hereafter be known as the
Frank H. Alden & Sons Company, being
composed of Frank H. Alden and his two
sons, Frank W. and Clarence H. Alden.
Mrs. GUMMY (with deep curiosity)—"O
Mrs. Glanders! Do tell me about Mrs. Ten-
spot's scandal, won't you?" Mrs. Glanders
—"My dear, it is not nearly so dreadful as
you hope."—Judge.
McVicker's Theater, Chicago.
Minnie Maddern Fiske begins March 30.
She comes direct from a two weeks' en-
gagement at the Garden Theater, New York.
OPINION, a sovereign mistress of effects.
—Skakespeare.
No SAFER OR MORE EFFICACIOUS REMEDY
can be had for Coughs, or any trouble of the
throat, than "Brown's Bronchial Troches."

THE MARKETS.
NEW YORK, March 23.
LIVE STOCK—Steers..... \$3.55 @ 4.50
Sheep..... 4.00 @ 4.30
Hogs..... 2.25 @ 3.50
FLOUR—Minnesota Pat's..... 3.60 @ 3.80
Winter Extras..... 2.70 @ 3.05
WHEAT—No. 1 Hard..... 74 1/2 @ 74 3/4
May..... 68 1/2 @ 69 1/2
CORN—No. 2..... 35 @ 37 1/2
May..... 35 1/2 @ 35 3/4
OATS—Western..... 25 @ 25 1/2
PORK—Mess..... 9.75 @ 10.25
LARD—Rendered..... 5.45 @ 5.50
BUTTER—Western Cr'm'y..... 14 @ 22
EGGS..... 11 1/2 @ 11 3/4
CHICAGO.
CATTLE—Heeves..... \$3.50 @ 4.35
Stockers and Feeders..... 2.75 @ 3.80
Cows and Bulls..... 1.50 @ 3.75
Texas Steers..... 3.00 @ 4.00
HOGS—Light..... 3.90 @ 4.10
Rough Packing..... 3.75 @ 3.85
SHEEP..... 2.00 @ 2.25
BUTTER—Western Cr'm'y..... 13 @ 21
Dairy..... 9 @ 18
EGGS—Fresh..... 9 @ 10
POTATOES (per bu.)..... 15 @ 20
PORK—Mess..... 9.35 @ 9.10
LARD—Steam..... 5.17 1/2 @ 5.20
FLOUR—Spring..... 2.40 @ 3.25
Winter..... 3.10 @ 3.60
GRAIN—Wheat, May..... 61 1/2 @ 62 1/2
Corn, No. 2..... 28 1/2 @ 29 1/2
Oats, No. 2..... 20 1/2 @ 21
Rye, No. 2..... 31 1/2 @ 32 1/2
Barley, Good to Fancy..... 30 @ 35
MILWAUKEE.
GRAIN—Wheat, No. 2 Spring \$ 61 @ 61 1/2
Corn, No. 3..... 27 1/2 @ 27 3/4
Oats, No. 2 White..... 20 @ 20 1/2
Rye, No. 1..... 37 1/2 @ 37 3/4
Rye, No. 2..... 31 1/2 @ 31 3/4
PORK—Mess..... 8.95 @ 9.00
LARD..... 5.10 @ 5.15
DETROIT.
GRAIN—Wheat, No. 2 Red \$ 68 1/2 @ 68 3/4
Corn, No. 2 White..... 29 1/2 @ 29 3/4
Oats, No. 2 White..... 23 1/2 @ 23 3/4
Rye, No. 2..... 38 @ 38 1/2
ST. LOUIS.
CATTLE—Native Steers..... \$3.50 @ 4.25
Texas..... 2.70 @ 3.70
HOGS..... 3.40 @ 3.90
SHEEP..... 2.75 @ 4.30
OMAHA.
CATTLE—Steers..... \$3.25 @ 4.00
Cows..... 1.75 @ 3.40
Feeders..... 3.60 @ 3.75
HOGS..... 3.60 @ 3.75
SHEEP..... 3.00 @ 3.40

The Greatest Medical Discovery of the Age.
KENNEDY'S MEDICAL DISCOVERY.
DONALD KENNEDY, of ROXBURY, MASS.,
Has discovered in one of our common
pasture weeds a remedy that cures every
kind of Humor, from the worst Scrofula
down to a common Pimple.
He has tried it in over eleven hundred
cases, and never failed except in two cases
(both thunder humor). He has now in his
possession over two hundred certificates
of its value, all within twenty miles of
Boston. Send postal card for book.
A benefit is always experienced from the
first bottle, and a perfect cure is warranted
when the right quantity is taken.
When the lungs are affected it causes
shooting pains, like needles passing
through them; the same with the Liver or
Bowels. This is caused by the ducts be-
ing stopped, and always disappears in a
week after taking it. Read the label.
If the stomach is foul or bilious it will
cause squeamish feelings at first.
No change of diet ever necessary. Eat
the best you can get, and enough of it.
Dose, one tablespoonful in water at bed-
time. Sold by all Druggists.

FARM LANDS for Sale.
In the states of Virginia, North and South Car-
olina, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Tennessee,
Kentucky. Land Excursions from the North-
west to Southern Ky. Points April 7 and 11 and
May 6. Detailed information with maps and de-
scriptive pamphlets will be sent free upon ap-
plication to E. V. Richards, Land Agent South-
ern Railway, Washington, D. C. He will also
send to any address free, a 16-page journal,
"THE SOUTHERN FIELDS," which should
be read by every Northern family.

WE HAVE NO AGENTS
but sell direct to the consumer
at wholesale prices. Ship any-
where for examination before
sale. Everything warranted.
100 styles of Carriages,
100 styles of Harnesses, 41
styles Riding Saddles,
ELKHART CARRIAGE
& HARNESS MFG CO.
ELKHART, IND.
W. B. PRATT, Secy.
SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS for Salesmen. Agents
and Retailers. ELKHART SOAP direct to
Consumers. HAYES & BELMONT 140 Fifth Ave., CHICAGO.

KNOCK THE SPOTS OUT. A sore spot, green, black, or blue, is a **BRUISE**. Use **ST. JACOBS OIL** and watch the color fade, the soreness disappear. **IT IS MAGICAL.**

"Big as a Barn Door."

Battle Ax PLUG

For 5 cents you get almost as much "Battle Ax" as you do of other high grade goods for 10 cents. Before the days of "Battle Ax" consumers paid 10 cents for same quality. Now, "Battle Ax"—Highest Grade, 5 cents. That's true economy.

150000 Copies of Demorest's Magazine

DO YOU KNOW WHAT THAT MEANS? THAT MEANS THAT 70,000 more SUBSCRIBERS have been Added to its LIST since Oct. 1st, 1895! Why is this? Because in its improved form it has no equal as a magazine for the family circle.

DEMOREST'S Is Actually a Dozen Magazines in One.

It is a Review for the studious man or woman; a Digest of Current Events and Ideas for the busy man or woman; a Storehouse of Interest for all.

DEMOREST'S for 1896 will chronicle every Important Event of Daily Life, and Everything New in Art, Science, Mechanics, Politics, Adventure, Exploration and Discovery, always with profuse illustrations. It will contain a wealth of superbly illustrated papers on general topics, applying to all classes and conditions, instructive and delightful to everybody; and, in addition, it will publish the best and purest fiction from the pens of acknowledged geniuses of the world.

DEMOREST'S MAGAZINE has THE BEST AND MOST PRACTICAL FASHION DEPARTMENT of any magazine published.

Through DEMOREST'S you can obtain all the Cut Paper Patterns of any kind and size that the members of a household can possibly require; for each number contains a Pattern Order good for one pattern if 4 cents be sent for postage, or from 1 to 30 additional patterns may be obtained on it by sending 4 cents for each extra pattern. This Pattern Department alone, at the lowest estimate, is worth from \$3 to \$5 a year to every subscriber.

FOR ONE DOLLAR (\$1.00)

We will send you DEMOREST'S MAGAZINE postpaid from APRIL to NOVEMBER, 1896 (seven months), and in addition will mail you FREE OF CHARGE, as a premium, a copy of De Longpre's Beautiful Water-Color "Chrysanthemum" picture (size 12x28 inches). This is an exquisite reproduction of this famous flower plant, and is so well executed that none but an expert can tell it from the original painting which, by the way, cost \$1,000.

OUT HERE, AND RETURN COUPON PROPERLY FILLED OUT.

DEMOREST PUBLISHING CO., 110 Fifth Avenue, New York.

DEAR SIR:—For the enclosed \$1.00, please send DEMOREST'S FAMILY MAGAZINE to the address below, for seven months, from April to October, 1896, both inclusive. Also De Longpre's Water-color "Chrysanthemum" picture, and the other works of art that are to be published with DEMOREST'S FAMILY MAGAZINE during the year.

Name,

P. O.,

State,

Date,

STARK TREES TESTED 70 YEARS. Salesmen and club makers wanted for GOLD plan, etc. Stark, Louisiana, No., Rockport, Ills.

HOME TREATISE on the EYE and EAR sent for 10 cents. DR. MCFATRICH, Eye and Ear Specialist, Masonic Temple, Chicago.

OPION and WHISKY habits cured. Book sent FREE. Dr. R. H. WOOLLEY, ATLANTA, GA. CLIP THIS PAPER every time you wish.

PISCHKE'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Does not harm. Sold by druggists.

A. N. K.-A 1897

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS PLEASE state that you saw the Advertisement in this paper.

The Only One To Stand the Test.

Rev. William Copp, whose father was a physician for over fifty years, in New Jersey, and who himself spent many years preparing for the practice of medicine, but subsequently entered the ministry of the M. E. Church, writes: "I am glad to testify that I have had analyzed all the sarsaparilla preparations known in the trade, but



AYER'S is the only one of them that I could recommend as a blood-purifier. I have given away hundreds of bottles of it, as I consider it the safest as well as the best to be had."—Wm. Copp, Pastor M. E. Church, Jackson, Minn.

AYER'S
THE ONLY WORLD'S FAIR
Sarsaparilla
When in doubt, ask for Ayer's Pills

MICHIGAN CENTRAL

"The Niagara Falls Route."

Time table taking effect March 1st, 1896.
90th MERIDIAN TIME.

Passenger Trains on the Michigan Central Railroad will leave Chelsea Station as follows:

GOING EAST
Detroit Night Express 6:10 A. M.
Atlantic Express 7:02 A. M.
Grand Rapids Express 10:35 A. M.
Mail and Express 3:19 P. M.

GOING WEST
Mail and Express 9:12 A. M.
Grand Rapids Express 6:30 P. M.
Chicago Night Express 10:47 P. M.

No. 37 will stop at Chelsea for passengers getting on at Detroit or east of Detroit.

WM. MARTIN, Agent, Chelsea.
O. W. RUGGLES, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Chicago.

PATENTS

Careful and Trade-Marks obtained and all Patent business conducted for a moderate fee. Our Office is Opposite U. S. Patent Office and we can secure patent in less time than those remote from Washington.
Send model, drawing or photo, with description. We advise, if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured.
A PAMPHLET, "How to Obtain Patents," with copy of same in the U. S. and foreign countries sent free. Address,
C. A. SNOW & CO.
OFF. PATENT OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C.

R-I-P-A-N-S

The modern standard Family Medicine: Cures the common every-day ills of humanity.



Real Estate for Sale.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. In the matter of the estate of Jacob Haselchwerdt, deceased:

Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of an order granted to the undersigned administrator of the estate of said deceased by the Honorable Judge of Probate for the County of Washtenaw, on the 25th day of February, A. D. 1896, there will be sold at Public Vendue, to the highest bidder, at the front door of the dwelling house upon the premises hereinafter described, in the Township of Sharon, in the County of Washtenaw, in said State, on Monday, the 7th day of April, A. D. 1896, at one o'clock in the afternoon of that day (subject to all encumbrances by mortgage or otherwise existing at the time of the death of said deceased), the following described real estate, to-wit:

All situated in the Township of Sharon, Washtenaw County, Michigan, and known and described as follows, to-wit: The west sixty acres of southeast quarter of section nine, and the east half of east half of the southwest quarter of said section nine. Also northwest quarter of northeast quarter of section sixteen, and east half of northeast quarter of north of west quarter of said section sixteen. Also the southwest quarter of northwest quarter of section fifteen, and all that part of the north end of northwest quarter of southwest quarter of section fifteen lying north of highway. All said land situated on said sec. fifteen, is enclosed as one parcel, and containing fifty-six acres, more or less. Also the west twenty-two acres of southwest quarter of northeast quarter of section ten. Also the south eleven acres of west half of northwest quarter of northwest quarter of said section ten, and the east half of northeast quarter of northwest quarter of said section ten, except one acre sold off from the northwest corner to Levi Andrews. Also the west half of southwest quarter of the southeast quarter of said section ten.

Dated Sharon, Mich., March 11, 1896.
EVA ARY HANDELACH WENDT,
Administrator of the estate of said deceased.

Olds and Wada.

Horton, Mich., has a new paper. A. J. Snyder is the publisher.

The present Congress has, we are told, "forty editors in it." They make things snappy.

If there is any portion of a bank bill equal to three-fifths of its original size remaining it is redeemable at its face value.

H. H. Holmes, the murderer, whose fiendish deeds created such excitement throughout the country some months ago, will be hanged at Harrisburg, Pa., May 7.

The school board of Grass Lake has secured J. T. Everett, of the normal school, to take the principalship of the school for the remainder of the year. This is the fourth principal that has had charge of the school during the season.

In 1864 a high class locomotive cost \$27,000, now they cost only \$10,000. In the early 60's a good car wheel cost \$110; ten years ago they cost \$25; now they cost \$14.50 each. In 1860 railroad car fare was three cents a mile, and it is the same price now.

Two poultry keepers in Bronson, Mich., kept tally last year on the number of eggs laid by a certain number of hens. One man had 320 hens, which laid 32,782 eggs during the year. The other got 24,827 eggs from 270 hens. The total was nearly a carload of eggs.

Department of Michigan Grand Army of the Republic annual state encampment, Saginaw, Mich., March 31 to April 2, 1896. One and one-third first class limited fare for round trip. Dates of sale, March 30 and 31, 1896. Good to return April 3. Fare from Chelsea and return \$4.75.

At the county convention of the W. C. T. U., held in Milan March 11 and 12, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, Mrs. Rawson, Lambertville; corresponding secretary, Mrs. M. Van DeVenter, Dundee; recording secretary, Mrs. Viola Eisenman, Lambertville; treasurer, Mrs. Julia B. Drew; delegate at large, Mrs. Libbie Case, Milan.

The bicycle has passed its experimental stage. To-day it stands an implement of use and pleasure. It is estimated that there will be sold this year not less than one million new wheels. From the number of bicycle dealers in Chelsea it is evident that the people of this vicinity have made a demand that must be supplied. Evidently Chelsea people will buy their share of the million wheels.

There are 82,000 habitual criminals in the penal institutions of the United States. Besides these, there are not far from 500,000 actual criminals at large all the time. No one can tell how much they cost the community, but not less than \$200,000,000 annually. Criminals are increasing out of all proportion to the population. Our political methods breed crime, and our educational and penal systems are proven failures for its reduction and suppression.

The story comes from Leslie that in April, 1895, Thomas J. Roberts, a blacksmith, was stricken with paralysis and since then has been almost unable to move. Mrs. Horace Haynes, an avowed infidel, called upon him one day last week and began to work over him. Shortly afterwards the man was hypnotized. The family was frightened, but since then Roberts has been rapidly improving and can use several portions of his body which have heretofore been helpless.

Mrs. Priscilla Williams, of Sunfield, Eaton county, took to bed a year ago with a tumor, and was told she must submit to an operation or die, with little chance even then. She began praying and the other day arose to take dinner with the family. Her husband, thinking her insane, forced her to return to her bed. Next day she again stepped out of the room where she had been helpless so long, and this time she ate with the family. She is now apparently well, recovering her strength. Mrs. Williams had not professed Christianity, but now devoutly acknowledges the efficacy of prayer and faith.—Ex.

Chief Moore, of the weather bureau, has made a special report to the secretary of agriculture with reference to the actual money value of cold-wave warnings to the people of this country, with special reference to the cold wave of Jan. 2 to 5 of the present year. That was one of unusual severity, spreading over the entire country east of the Rocky Mountains, with the exception of the southern portion of Florida. At every weather bureau station throughout this region the cold-wave flag was displayed, and the warnings were distributed at least twenty-four hours before the cold wave occurred. Reports received from 103 stations indicate that these warnings were directly instrumental in saving property exceeding \$3,000,000 in value, suitable for cultivation.

Republican District Convention.

MONROE, MICH., March 16, 1896.
To the Republican Electors of the Second District of the State of Michigan:
The District Convention of the Republicans of the Second District of Michigan is hereby called to meet at the city of Ann Arbor on Thursday, April 30th, at 12 o'clock noon, at the Court House, for the purpose of electing two delegates and two alternate delegates to the Republican National Convention to be held at St. Louis, Mo., June 16, 1896, and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the convention.

The counties to be entitled to delegates are as follows:

Jackson County..... 21
Lenawee County..... 23
Washtenaw County..... 19
Monroe County..... 14
That part of Wayne County in the Second District..... 11

HARRY A. CONANT, Chairman.
JOHN F. LAWRENCE, Secretary.
H. D. SHULL,
J. M. COLLIER,
ALBERT STILES,
Second Congressional Dis. Com.

Keeps the Money Clean.

If the people really knew how many persons had caught some sort of disease from handling paper money which had previously been in the possession of sufferers from some contagion, they would demand a radical change in the policy of the government toward old greenbacks and bank notes, says the Bankers' Monthly. The treasury department has sub-treasuries in the larger cities of the country, through which, to a large extent, the currency of the country passes. These institutions take in the small bills of their respective cities and regions during a part of the year and pay them out at other times, according as the convenience of the banks require. Now the rule should be that no sub-treasury should pay out to banks or others any but brand-new greenbacks, and that the national bank notes which have been in use should be replaced by new ones. The banks pay the government enough so that, as a mere matter of commercial business, this policy toward their notes should be adopted. But whether that was so or not, this fresh-bill policy should be adopted and maintained. It is a uniform rule with the Bank of England that none but absolutely new bills can go out over its counter. No matter if the bill has not the slightest marks of use. If it once gets back into the bank it never goes out again. The rule is inflexible and is carried out faithfully. The United States treasury should do as much for the American people as that bank does for the people of Great Britain. The cost to the bank of a new bill is precisely half a penny. Of course this amounts to a good deal of money each year, but not enough to be an appreciable factor in the general business of the bank.

Non-Animal Boots.

There are vegetarians who deny flesh food on sanitary grounds only, while others cling to the diet on humanitarian grounds. They refuse to eat meat because they decline to even remotely sanction the slaughter of a living creature for any purpose, says the New York World. This feeling is carried to the point of a fad in England, and as a result "vegetarian boots and shoes" are advertised as for sale in the London papers. The uppers are made of "jannus corium," which, by the way, is oak-tanned leather, but few people will recognize the fact. This is all the leather used in the shoe, however. The soles are of closely waterproofed flax belting. The vegetarians in arguing that the skins of slaughtered animals are not necessary say that India rubber, gutta percha, steel, iron and brass nails, cashmere, cotton, elastic webbing, wood, paper, cork, straw, silk, jute and wax go to form the modern mystery of a lady's shoe, in which oftentimes no element of leather enters.

Business Finders.

For sale, two village lots, centrally located. Inquire at this office.

For rent, house and lot on Harrison street. Inquire of U. H. Townsend.

A quantity of cornstalks and a covered carriage for sale. Inquire of William Pottinger.

"March" bicycle for sale; used one season; fine condition. Call and see at Armstrong's.

Rooms to rent, second floor of the Klein building, on Main street. Inquire of C. E. Whitaker.

Four acres of land with good buildings and orchard for sale at a bargain in the village of Chelsea. D. B. Taylor.

For Boys' Guidance.

"Don't be deluded into the belief that it is smart to know things that you wouldn't like to tell your mother," writes Ruth Ashmore in an article on "That Boy of Mine," in March Ladies' Home Journal. "Don't think it is smart to listen to stories that are not nice and which are about women. Gentlemen never unite in deriding women—that is a peculiarity of cads. Never read a book that you could not share with your sister, and never look at a picture that might not be framed and hung in her room. What? You think somebody will call you 'girly'? Oh no, my dear boy. If anything is said about your conduct there will be approbation given you, and the chances are that the older man will say of that younger one who is properly modest: 'Brown is a nice fellow; I should like him to come and see my daughters.' It is not necessary for you to see the folly of anything. That is an exploded theory. Why should you sow a crop of wild oats? Why not sow a crop of wheat and get a harvest worth having? From day to day, my boy, you make up the story of your life, and it is the little things, the little honest things, that will make you a man, mentally as well as physically."

Garters of Ribbon and Lace.

Garters are marvelous creations this year. Unhygienic persons who persist in wearing the circular ones have regular "confections" from which to choose. Some are made of bands of elastic almost covered by tiny ruffles of narrow ribbon and butter-colored lace. An inch wide piece of elastic will permit about four outstanding frills of each. The bow in the middle is made of the lace and ribbon. Somewhat less befrilled are bands of elastic edged with narrow ribbon ruffles and fastened with a bow and buckle. The buckle may be of any sort—gold, silver, or studded with mock jewels. The monogram of the owner is usually engraved on the buckle. Some of the garters are of elastic incased in a puffing of pompadour silk, and these are particularly effective.

To Make a Happy Home.

1. Learn to govern yourselves, and to be gentle and patient.
2. Guard your tempers, especially in seasons of ill health, irritation and trouble, and soften them by prayers, penitence and a sense of your own shortcomings and errors.
3. Never speak or act until you have prayed over your words or acts, and concluded that Christ would have done so in your place.
4. Remember that valuable as is the gift of speech, the gift of silence is much more valuable.
5. Do not expect too much from others, but remember that all have an evil nature, whose development we must expect, and which we should forbear and forgive, as we often desire forbearance and forgiveness ourselves.
6. Never retort a sharp or angry word. It is the second that makes the quarrel.
7. Beware of the first disagreement.
8. Learn to speak in a gentle tone of voice.
9. Learn to say kind and pleasant things whenever an opportunity offers.
10. Study the character of each, and sympathize with all their troubles, however small.
11. Do not neglect little things, if they can affect the comfort of others in the smallest degree.

Your Boy Won't Live a Month.

So Mr. Gilman Brown, of 34 Mill st., South Gardner, Mass., was told by the doctors. His son had lung trouble, following typhoid malaria, and he spent three hundred and seventy-five dollars with doctors, who finally gave him up, saying: "Your boy won't live a month." He tried Dr. King's New Discovery, and a few bottles restored him to health and enabled him to go to work a perfectly well man. He says he owes his present good health to use of Dr. King's New Discovery, and knows it to be the best in the world for lung trouble. Trial bottles free at F. P. Glazier & Co.'s drug store.

A Matter of Opinion.

A gentleman was greatly surprised and pleased the other day at the reply a lady gave to the question: "Do you plant Vick's seeds?" Her answer was: "I always plant Vick's seeds in the front yard, but we get cheap seeds in the back yard, which I know is a mistake."

It pays to plant good seeds, and we advise our friends who are thinking of doing anything in this line to send 10 cents for Vick's Floral Guide for 1896. This amount may be deducted from the first order. James Vick's Sons, Rochester, N. Y., are the pioneers in this line.

Republican Caucus.

The Republicans of the Township of Sylvan will hold a caucus for the nomination of township officers at the Town Hall in the Village of Chelsea on Saturday, March 28th, 1896, at 8 o'clock p. m.
Dated March 21st, 1896.
By order of Committee.

Caucus.

The Democratic electors of the Township of Sylvan will meet in caucus at the Town Hall in the Village of Chelsea on March 28th at 2 p. m. for the purpose of placing in nomination candidates for township officers, to be voted for on the 6th of April next, and to select thirteen delegates to attend the county convention, soon to be called.
Dated March 21st, 1896.
By order of Committee.

Caucus.

There will be a prohibition caucus in the Town Hall basement Monday afternoon, March 30, at three o'clock, for the purpose of nominating township officers to be voted for at the coming township election, and for the transaction of such other business as may lawfully be presented.
Dated Chelsea, March 24, 1896.
By order of Committee.

Auction.

Having rented my farm at money rent, I will sell the whole of my personal property at public auction, one-half mile east of North Lake church, on Friday, March 27, 1896, commencing at 1 p. m., the following property, viz:

Six work horses, 1 span of 4-year-old colts, 1 2-year-old colt, 2 colts 8 months old, 1 3-year-old cow, 1 steer calf 7 months old, 50 sheep, Champion binder, wide tire lumber wagon, one pair of bo-sleighs nearly new, 2 set of double harness, Champion binder, sulky plow, 2 walking plows, 1 Gale cultivator, 1 Lehr cultivator, 1 Ajax cultivator, hay rake, Buckeye mower, 1 spring-tooth harrow, 1 10-foot 60-tooth drag, 1 spray pump, hay rack, wagon box, etc.; 300 bushels corn, 250 bushels oats.

Terms of Sale—All sums of \$5.00 or under cash. All sums over \$5.00 one year's time on good approved endorsed bankable paper at six per cent interest.

RICHARD WEBB
GEORGE WEBB,
GEO. E. DAVIS, Salesman.

The base of Ayer's Hair Vigor is a refined and delicate fluid, which does not soil or become rancid by exposure to the air, and which is as perfect a substitute for the oil supplied by nature in youth and health, as modern chemistry can produce.

Markets.

Chelsea, March 26, 1896.

Eggs, per dozen 10c
Butter, per pound 13c
Oats, per bushel 30c
Corn, per bushel 20c
Wheat, per bushel 70c
Potatoes, per bushel 15c
Apples, per bushel 75c
Onions, per bushel 25c
Beans, per bushel \$1.00

Mortgage Sale.

DEFAULT having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage made and executed by Alfred Seitz, of the Township of Limps, County of Washtenaw, State of Michigan, to Luther James, of the Township of Limps, County and State aforesaid, dated March 14th, A. D. 1897, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for said County of Washtenaw on the 15th day of March, A. D. 1897, in Liber 66 of Mortgages, on page 576, which said mortgage was duly assigned by Thomas S. Bear and Lewis W. James, executors of the last will and testament of said Luther James, deceased, to James L. Babcock, by assignment thereof, dated the 8th day of May, A. D. 1890, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for said Washtenaw County on the 30th day of December, A. D. 1895, in Liber 10 of Assignments of Mortgages, on page 260; by which default the power of sale in said mortgage has become operative, on which said mortgage there is claimed to be due, at the date of this notice, the sum of fifteen hundred and seven dollars (\$1507.00), and that there is still to become due thereon March 15th, 1896, an installment of principal of one hundred and fifty dollars (\$150.00), and also an installment of principal March 15th, 1897, of fourteen hundred dollars, besides interest thereon since March 15th, 1896, and no suit or proceeding at law or equity having been commenced to recover the money secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed on the 30th day of March, A. D. 1896, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at the south front door of the Court House in the City of Ann Arbor, Washtenaw County, Michigan (that being the place of holding the Circuit Court for said County), by sale of the said premises therein described, or so much thereof as may be necessary to pay the amount then due on said mortgage, together with the costs of this proceeding and the attorney fee of thirty dollars, provided for in said mortgage. Said premises to be sold are described in said mortgage as follows:

All that certain piece or parcel of land situate in the Township of Pittsfield, in the County of Washtenaw, and State of Michigan, and described as follows, to-wit: The east half of the northwest quarter of section number fourteen (14), in Township number three (3), south of Range number six (6) east, in said State, subject to the right of way of the Detroit & Hillsdale Railroad across said lot.

The above foreclosure sale will be made subject to the payment of principal and interest yet to become due upon said described mortgage as hereinafter provided.

Dated January 28, 1896.
(Signed) JAMES L. BABCOCK,
Assignee of Mortgage.
G. W. TURNBULL,
Attorney for Assignee.